

# **Toosendanin**

Cat. No.: HY-N0263 CAS No.: 58812-37-6 Molecular Formula:  $C_{30}H_{38}O_{11}$ Molecular Weight: 574.62 Others Target: Pathway: Others

4°C, protect from light Storage:

\* In solvent: -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (protect from light)

**Product** Data Sheet

### **SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY**

In Vitro

DMSO: 100 mg/mL (174.03 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	1.7403 mL	8.7014 mL	17.4028 mL
	5 mM	0.3481 mL	1.7403 mL	3.4806 mL
	10 mM	0.1740 mL	0.8701 mL	1.7403 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.17 mg/mL (3.78 mM); Clear solution
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (3.62 mM); Clear solution
- 3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (3.62 mM); Clear solution

## **BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY**

Description

Toosendanin, a triterpenoid extracted from the bark of fruit of Melia toosendan Sieb. et Zucc., possesses analgesic, insecticidal and anti-inflammatory activities<sup>[1]</sup>.

In Vivo

Toosendanin (0.5 and 1 mg/kg, Intraperitoneal injection daily for 7 days) alleviates DSS-induced experimental colitis by inhibiting M1 macrophage polarization and regulating NLRP3 inflammasome and Nrf2/HO-1 signaling, and may provide a novel Chinese patent medicine for the treatment of murine colitis[1].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	Forty-eight male C57BL/6 mice weighing 20-22 $\mathrm{g}^{[1]}$ .	
Dosage:	0.5 and 1 mg/kg.	
Administration:	Intraperitoneal injection daily for 7 days.	
Result:	Protected against DSS-induced colitis in mice.  Inhibited the expression of proinflammatory cytokines in DSS-induced UC and improved oxidative stress.	

# **CUSTOMER VALIDATION**

- Int Immunopharmacol. 2019 Nov;76:105909.
- BMC Oral Health. 2023 Nov 9;23(1):846.
- Research Square Print. December 1st, 2022.

See more customer validations on www.MedChemExpress.com

#### **REFERENCES**

[1]. Fan H, et al. Toosendanin alleviates dextran sulfate sodium-induced colitis by inhibiting M1 macrophage polarization and regulating NLRP3 inflammasome and Nrf2/HO-1 signaling. Int Immunopharmacol. 2019 Sep 11;76:105909.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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