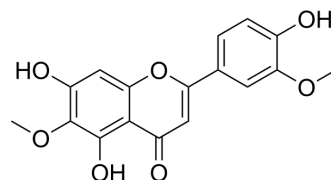


Jaceosidin

Cat. No.:	HY-N0831												
CAS No.:	18085-97-7												
Molecular Formula:	C ₁₇ H ₁₄ O ₇												
Molecular Weight:	330.29												
Target:	Bcl-2 Family; COX; Apoptosis												
Pathway:	Apoptosis; Immunology/Inflammation												
Storage:	<table border="0"> <tr> <td>Powder</td> <td>-20°C</td> <td>3 years</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>4°C</td> <td>2 years</td> </tr> <tr> <td>In solvent</td> <td>-80°C</td> <td>2 years</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>-20°C</td> <td>1 year</td> </tr> </table>	Powder	-20°C	3 years		4°C	2 years	In solvent	-80°C	2 years		-20°C	1 year
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	4°C	2 years											
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SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO : 125 mg/mL (378.46 mM; Need ultrasonic)
 Ethanol : 7.14 mg/mL (21.62 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Concentration	Mass		
		1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	3.0276 mL	15.1382 mL	30.2764 mL
	5 mM	0.6055 mL	3.0276 mL	6.0553 mL
	10 mM	0.3028 mL	1.5138 mL	3.0276 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline
 Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (6.30 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline)
 Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (6.30 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil
 Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (6.30 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description

Jaceosidin is a flavonoid isolated from *Artemisia vestita*, induces apoptosis in cancer cells, activates Bax and down-regulates Mcl-1 and c-FLIP expression^[1]. Jaceosidin exhibits anti-cancer^[2], anti-inflammatory activities, decreases levels of inflammatory markers, and suppresses COX-2 expression and NF-κB activation^[3].

IC₅₀ & Target

Bax	COX-2
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In Vitro	<p>Jaceosidin (30, 50, 75 μM) induces apoptosis in human renal carcinoma Caki cells after treatment for 24 h, shows no obvious effect on normal cells^[1].</p> <p>?Jaceosidin (75 μM) reduces MMP levels and causes cytochrome c release into the cytoplasm through Bax activation^[1].</p> <p>?Jaceosidin-mediated apoptosis is involved in downregulation of Mcl-1, c-FLIP expression, which is via inhibition of NF-κB and/or Sp1 transcriptional activity^[1].</p> <p>?Jaceosidin shows cytostatic activity to HES and HESC cells with IC₅₀s of 52.68 and 55.10 μM, and is less cytotoxic on Hec1 A and KLE (IC₅₀, 70.54, 147.14 μM, respectively), after treatment for 48 h^[2].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <p>Cell Viability Assay^[2]</p>								
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In Vivo	<p>Jaceosidin (10 and 20 mg/kg, p.o., once a day for 3 days) blocks carrageenan-induced increase in leukocyte number and protein levels in air pouch exudates in mice^[3].</p> <p>?Jaceosidin (10, 20 mg/kg, p.o.) suppresses COX-2 expression and NF-κB activation in mice^[3].</p> <p>?Jaceosidin (20 mg/kg, p.o. for 2 hours) reduces hind paw edema volume in rats^[3].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p>								
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CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Acta Pharm Sin B. 2021 Jan;11(1):143-155.
- Cell Mol Neurobiol. 2021 Feb 23.
- Ultrastruct Pathol. 2023 May 29;1-10.

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REFERENCES

- [1]. Woo SM, et al. Jaceosidin induces apoptosis through Bax activation and down-regulation of Mcl-1 and c-FLIP expression in human renal carcinoma Caki cells. *Chem Biol Interact.* 2016 Dec 25;260:168-175.
- [2]. Lee JG, et al. Jaceosidin, isolated from dietary mugwort (*Artemisia princeps*), induces G2/M cell cycle arrest by inactivating cdc25C-cdc2 via ATM-Chk1/2 activation. *Food Chem Toxicol.* 2013 May;55:214-21.
- [3]. Min SW, et al. Inhibitory effect of eupatilin and jaceosidin isolated from *Artemisia princeps* on carrageenan-induced inflammation in mice. *J Ethnopharmacol.* 2009 Sep 25;125(3):497-500.
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Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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