Guanosine

Cat. No.: HY-N0097 CAS No.: 118-00-3 Molecular Formula: $C_{10}H_{13}N_5O_5$

Molecular Weight: 283.24

Target: Endogenous Metabolite; HSV

Pathway: Metabolic Enzyme/Protease; Anti-infection Storage: 4°C, protect from light

* In solvent: -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (protect from light)

Product Data Sheet

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro DMSO: $\geq 75 \text{ mg/mL} (264.79 \text{ mM})$

H₂O: 1 mg/mL (3.53 mM; Need ultrasonic)

* "≥" means soluble, but saturation unknown.

| Preparing Stock Solutions | Solvent Mass Concentration | 1 mg | 5 mg | 10 mg | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|------------|------------|--|
| | 1 mM | 3.5306 mL | 17.6529 mL | 35.3057 mL | |
| | 5 mM | 0.7061 mL | 3.5306 mL | 7.0612 mL | |
| | 10 mM | 0.3531 mL | 1.7653 mL | 3.5306 mL | |

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: 3.33 mg/mL (11.76 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (8.83 mM); Clear solution
- 3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (8.83 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

| Description | Guanosine (DL-Guanosine) is a purine nucleoside comprising guanine attached to a ribose (ribofuranose) ring via a β-N9-glycosidic bond. Guanosine possesses anti-HSV activity. |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| IC ₅₀ & Target | Human Endogenous Metabolite |
| In Vitro | Guanosine can be phosphorylated to become guanosine monophosphate (GMP), cyclic guanosine monophosphate (cGMP), guanosine diphosphate (GDP), and guanosine triphosphate (GTP). These forms play important roles in various biochemical |

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processes such as synthesis of nucleic acids and proteins, photosynthesis, muscle contraction, and intracellular signal transduction (cGMP).

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Mol Immunol. 2019 Oct;114:226-232.
- Nat Commun. 2022 Oct 26;13(1):6350.
- Biomed Pharmacother. 2019 Oct;118:109305.
- Talanta. 2023 Sep 6, 125171.
- Molecules. 2019 May 3;24(9):1723.

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|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|------------------|----|
| R | F | F | F | R | F | N | \boldsymbol{c} | FS |

[1]. De Clercq E1. Guanosine analogues as anti-herpesvirus agents. Nucleosides Nucleotides Nucleic Acids. 2000 Oct-Dec;19(10-12):1531-41.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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