# Gamabufotalin

Cat. No.: HY-N0883 CAS No.: 465-11-2 Molecular Formula:  $C_{24}H_{34}O_5$ 

Molecular Weight: 402.52 **VEGFR** Target:

Pathway: Protein Tyrosine Kinase/RTK

-20°C Storage: Powder 3 years

2 years In solvent -80°C 2 years

> -20°C 1 year

**Product** Data Sheet

### **SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY**

In Vitro

DMSO: 50 mg/mL (124.22 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	2.4843 mL	12.4217 mL	24.8435 mL
	5 mM	0.4969 mL	2.4843 mL	4.9687 mL
	10 mM	0.2484 mL	1.2422 mL	2.4843 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (6.21 mM); Clear solution
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (6.21 mM); Clear solution
- 3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (6.21 mM); Clear solution

## **BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY**

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Gamabufotalin (Gamabufagin), a main active compound isolated from Chinese medicine Chansu, has been shown to strongly inhibit cancer cell growth and inflammatory response. Gamabufotalin could inhibite angiogenesis by inhibiting the activation of VEGFR-2 signaling pathways.

# In Vitro

Gamabufotalin (0-500 nM, 48 h) inhibits cell viability of human lung cancer A549, H1299, H322 cells, and inhibits colony formation and migration (0-100 nM, 48 h), with no cytotoxicity in human normal lung cell line (HLF cells)<sup>[1]</sup>. Gamabufotalin (0-100 nM, 12-48 h) inhibits COX-2 expression and inhibits NF-кВ and p300 translocation in A549 cells<sup>[1]</sup>. Gamabufotalin (0-100 nM, 12-48 h) induces apoptosis by activating the cytochrome c release and caspase-dependent apoptotic pathway in A549 cells<sup>[1]</sup>.

Gamabufotalin (0-100 nM, 48 h) induces hyperphosphorylation of p38, increases the expression of ATP1A3 and decreases AQP4 expression in U87 cells<sup>[3]</sup>.

Gamabufotalin (0-50 nM, 24 h) inhibits VEGF (50 ng/mL)-induced angiogenesis in an HUVECs in vitro angiogenesis tube formation assay<sup>[4]</sup>.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

## Apoptosis Analysis $^{[1]}$

Cell Line:	A549 cells	
Concentration:	0-100 nM	
Incubation Time:	12-48 h	
Result:	Increase the expression levels of the cleaved caspase-3, caspase-9 and PARP. Induced the release of cyt c from mitochondria to cytosol.	

#### Immunofluorescence<sup>[1]</sup>

Cell Line:	A549 cells
Concentration:	0-100 nM
Incubation Time:	12-48 h
Result:	Inhibited translocation of the NF-kB p65/p50 proteins from cell cytoplasm to nucleus, and induced p300 into the cytoplasm.

#### In Vivo

Gamabufotalin (5 and 20 mg/kg/day, i.p., for 17 days) inhibits tumor growth in the A549-xenografts mice<sup>[1]</sup>. Gamabufotalin (1 mg/kg, i.p., three times per week) together with Temozolomide (HY-17364) (20 mg/kg. i.p., three times per week) shows a synergistic antitumor effect, and inhibits tumor growth and prolongs mice survival in mice U87 xenografts<sup>[3]</sup>. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	A549-xenografts mice <sup>[1]</sup>
Dosage:	5 and 20 mg/kg/day
Administration:	i.p., for 17 days
Result:	Reduced tumor volume and the tumor weights.  Decreased COX-2 and p-p65 level in tumors.

## **CUSTOMER VALIDATION**

- Phytomedicine. 2023 Oct 28, 155169.
- Front Pharmacol. 2021 Apr 23;12:629968.
- J Nat Prod. 2023 Apr 12.

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#### **REFERENCES**

- [1]. Yu Z, et al. Gamabufotalin, a bufadienolide compound from toad venom, suppresses COX-2 expression through targeting IKKβ/NF-κB signaling pathway in lung cancer cells. Mol Cancer. 2014 Aug 31;13:203.
- [2]. Dong Y, et al. Bufadienolide compounds sensitize human breast cancer cells to TRAIL-induced apoptosis via inhibition of STAT3/Mcl-1 pathway. Apoptosis. 2011 Apr;16(4):394-403.
- [3]. Lan YL, et al. Gamabufotalin induces a negative feedback loop connecting ATP1A3 expression and the AQP4 pathway to promote temozolomide sensitivity in glioblastoma cells by targeting the amino acid Thr794. Cell Prolif. 2020;53(1):e12732.
- [4]. Tang N, et al. Gamabufotalin, a major derivative of bufadienolide, inhibits VEGF-induced angiogenesis by suppressing VEGFR-2 signaling pathway. Oncotarget. 2016;7(3):3533-3547.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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