Ferric citrate

| Cat. No.: | HY-N1428C | |
|--------------------|---|-------------------|
| CAS No.: | 3522-50-7 | $0 > 0^{-}$ |
| Molecular Formula: | C ₆ H ₅ FeO ₇ | $O \rightarrow O$ |
| Molecular Weight: | 244.94 | |
| Target: | Reactive Oxygen Species; Antibiotic | O OH OH |
| Pathway: | Immunology/Inflammation; Metabolic Enzyme/Protease; NF-ĸB; Anti-infection | - 3+ |
| Storage: | 4°C, sealed storage, away from moisture | Fe ³⁺ |
| | * In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture) | |

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

| | Preparing Stock Solutions | Concentration | 1 mg | 5 mg | 10 mg |
|--|---|---------------|-----------|------------|------------|
| | | 1 mM | 4.0826 mL | 20.4132 mL | 40.8263 mL |
| | | 5 mM | 0.8165 mL | 4.0826 mL | 8.1653 mL |
| | | 10 mM | 0.4083 mL | 2.0413 mL | 4.0826 mL |
| | Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent. | | | | |

| BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY | | | |
|---------------------|--|---|--|
| Description | Ferric citrate (Iron(III) citrate), an orally active iron supplement, is an efficacious phosphate binder. Ferric citratee can be used for iron deficiency anemia and chronic kidney disease (CKD) research ^{[1][2]} . | | |
| In Vitro | Ferric citrate (Iron(III) citr dependent manner ^[1] . | rate; 1 mM; 24 hours) significantly induces CM cell death ^[1] . rate; 0.1 mM, 1 mM, 2 mM; 24 hours) increases ROS generation in cardiomyocyte (CM) cells in a dose- ntly confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only. | |
| | Cell Line: | Cardiomyocyte (CM) cells | |
| | Concentration: | 1 mM | |
| | Incubation Time: | 24 hours | |



| | Result: Significantly induced CM cell death. |
|---------|---|
| In Vivo | Here we compared the effects of Ferric citrate (25 μg/g) administration versus a mineral sufficient control diet using the |
| | Col4a3 knockout mouse model of progressive CKD and age-matched wild-type mice. Ferric citrate is given to knockout mice |
| | for four weeks beginning at six weeks of age when they had overt chronic kidney disease (CKD), or for six weeks beginning a |
| | four weeks of age when they had early CKD. Ferric citrate rescues iron deficiency and anemia in knockout mice regardless o |
| | the timing of treatment initiation, and circulating levels and bone expression of FGF23 are reduced. Ferric citrate also |
| | improves cardiac function and significantly improves survival ^[3] . |
| | Ferric citrate is an efficacious and safe phosphate binder that increases iron stores and reduces intravenous iron and |
| | erythropoietin-stimulating agent use while maintaining hemoglobin. Ferric citrate can increase transferrin saturation, seru |
| | ferritin, and hemoglobin ^[2] . |
| | MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only. |

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

• Aging Cell. 2023 Nov;22(11):e13982.

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REFERENCES

[1]. Yuichi Baba, et al. Protective effects of the mechanistic target of rapamycin against excess iron and ferroptosis in cardiomyocytes. Am J Physiol Heart Circ Physiol. 2018 Mar 1;314(3):H659-H668.

[2]. Julia B Lewis, et al. Ferric citrate controls phosphorus and delivers iron in patients on dialysis. J Am Soc Nephrol. 2015 Feb;26(2):493-503.

[3]. Connor Francis, et al. Ferric citrate reduces fibroblast growth factor 23 levels and improves renal and cardiac function in a mouse model of chronic kidney disease. Kidney Int. 2019 Dec;96(6):1346-1358.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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