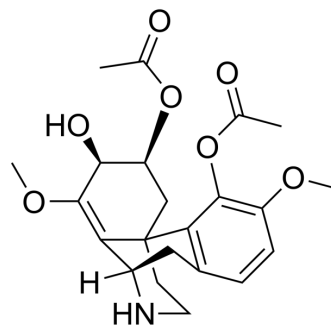


FK-3000

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Cat. No.: | HY-N11097 |
| CAS No.: | 1054312-81-0 |
| Molecular Formula: | C ₂₂ H ₂₇ NO ₇ |
| Molecular Weight: | 417.45 |
| Target: | Apoptosis; HSV; HIV |
| Pathway: | Apoptosis; Anti-infection |
| Storage: | Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis. |



BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

| | |
|--------------------|--|
| Description | FK-3000 is a potent anti-tumor agent that inhibits the growth of carcinoma cells through apoptosis and induction cell cycle arrest. FK-3000 also exhibit antiviral effects against HSV-1 and HIV-1 ^{[1][2][3][4]} . |
| In Vitro | <p>FK-3000 (0-5 µg/mL; 48 h) inhibits cell proliferation, with IC₅₀s of 0.52, 0.77, 0.22, 2.70, 0.40, and 1.90 µg/mL for MDA-MB-231, MCF-7, PC-3, A-431, HT-29, and CT-26 cells, respectively^[1].</p> <p>FK-3000 (0.5-5.0 µg/mL; 24-48 h) induces MDA-MB-231 cell apoptosis in a dose- and time-dependent manner^[1].</p> <p>FK-3000 (0.5-5.0 µg/mL; 24-48 h) induces G₂/M phase arrest in MDA-MB-231 and MCF-7 cells in a dose- and time-dependent manner^[2].</p> <p>FK-3000 (0.5-5.0 µg/mL; 60-120 min or 24-48 h) reduces NF-κB phosphorylation levels and COX-2 expression in MDA-MB-231 cells^[1].</p> <p>FK-3000 (5.0 µg/mL; 120 min) effectively blocks NF-κB translocation from cytoplasm to nucleus in MDA-MB-231 cells^[1].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> |
| In Vivo | <p>FK-3000 (1 mg/kg/day; i.p. daily for 24 d) inhibits tumor growth and shows no signs of toxicity in an MDA-MB-231 xenografted mouse model^[1].</p> <p>FK-3000 (10-25 mg/kg; p.o. for 10 d) significantly delays skin lesion, limits the development of further lesions and prolongs the mean survival time of HSV-1 infected mice^[3].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> |

REFERENCES

- [1]. Xu HD, et, al. FK-3000 isolated from *Stephania delavayi* Diels. inhibits MDA-MB-231 cell proliferation by decreasing NF-κB phosphorylation and COX-2 expression. *Int J Oncol.* 2015;46(6):2309-16.
- [2]. Li YC, et, al. 6,7-di-O-acetylsinococuline (FK-3000) induces G₂/M phase arrest in breast carcinomas through p38 MAPK phosphorylation and CDC25B dephosphorylation. *Int J Oncol.* 2015 Feb;46(2):578-86.
- [3]. Nawawi A, et, al. In vivo antiviral activity of *Stephania cepharantha* against herpes simplex virus type-1. *Phytother Res.* 2001 Sep;15(6):497-500.
- [4]. Lee JH, et, al. Development of a LC-MS method for quantification of FK-3000 and its application to in vivo pharmacokinetic study in drug development. *J Pharm Biomed Anal.* 2012 Nov;70:587-91.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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