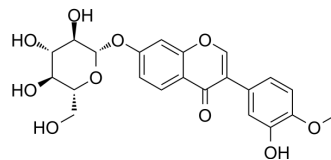


Calycosin-7-O-β-D-glucoside

Cat. No.:	HY-N0520												
CAS No.:	20633-67-4												
Molecular Formula:	C ₂₂ H ₂₂ O ₁₀												
Molecular Weight:	446.4												
Target:	Reactive Oxygen Species												
Pathway:	Immunology/Inflammation; Metabolic Enzyme/Protease; NF-κB												
Storage:	<table border="0"> <tr> <td>Powder</td> <td>-20°C</td> <td>3 years</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>4°C</td> <td>2 years</td> </tr> <tr> <td>In solvent</td> <td>-80°C</td> <td>2 years</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>-20°C</td> <td>1 year</td> </tr> </table>	Powder	-20°C	3 years		4°C	2 years	In solvent	-80°C	2 years		-20°C	1 year
Powder	-20°C	3 years											
	4°C	2 years											
In solvent	-80°C	2 years											
	-20°C	1 year											



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO : ≥ 100 mg/mL (224.01 mM)
 * "≥" means soluble, but saturation unknown.

Concentration	Mass		
	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
1 mM	2.2401 mL	11.2007 mL	22.4014 mL
5 mM	0.4480 mL	2.2401 mL	4.4803 mL
10 mM	0.2240 mL	1.1201 mL	2.2401 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline
 Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (5.60 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline)
 Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (5.60 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil
 Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (5.60 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description

Calycosin-7-O-β-D-glucoside is an isoflavone isolated from Astragali Radix. Calycosin-7-O-β-D-glucoside has variety of biological activities, such as neuroprotective, cardioprotection, anti-inflammation, and antioxidative stress effects^{[1][2]}.

In Vitro

Calycosin-7-O-β-D-glucoside (2 μM; 6 hours) remarkably inhibits the expression and activities of MMPs, and secures the expression of cav-1 and tight junction proteins in the microvessels isolated from ischemic rat cortex^[1].
 MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

In Vivo

Calycosin-7-O- β -D-glucoside (intraperitoneal injection; 26.8 mg/kg; 14 days) significantly reduces infarct volume, histological damage and BBB permeability in the in vivo MCAO ischemia-reperfusion rat model^[1].
MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	Middle cerebral artery occlusion (MCAO) male adult Sprague-Dawley rats ^[1]
Dosage:	26.8 mg/kg
Administration:	Intraperitoneal injection; 26.8 mg/kg; 14 days
Result:	Exhibited neuroprotective effects in rats.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Acta Pharm Sin B. 2021 Jan;11(1):143-155.

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REFERENCES

[1]. Shuping Fu, et al. Calycosin-7-O- β -D-glucoside regulates nitric oxide /caveolin-1/matrix metalloproteinases pathway and protects blood-brain barrier integrity in experimental cerebral ischemia-reperfusion injury. J Ethnopharmacol. 2014 Aug 8;155(1):692-701.

[2]. Xiangli Yan, et al. Calycosin-7-O- β -D-glucoside Attenuates OGD/R-Induced Damage by Preventing Oxidative Stress and Neuronal Apoptosis via the SIRT1/FOXO1/PGC-1 α Pathway in HT22 Cells. Neural Plast. 2019 Dec 1;2019:8798069.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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