MCE MedChemExpress

Product Data Sheet

Bufalin

Cat. No.: HY-N0877
CAS No.: 465-21-4

Molecular Formula: $C_{24}H_{34}O_4$ Molecular Weight: 386.52

Target: Na+/K+ ATPase

Pathway: Membrane Transporter/Ion Channel

Storage: Powder -20°C 3 years

owder -20°C 3 years 4°C 2 years

In solvent -80°C 6 months

-20°C 1 month

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO: 100 mg/mL (258.72 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	2.5872 mL	12.9359 mL	25.8719 mL
	5 mM	0.5174 mL	2.5872 mL	5.1744 mL
	10 mM	0.2587 mL	1.2936 mL	2.5872 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline)
 - Solubility: \geq 2.5 mg/mL (6.47 mM); Clear solution
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (6.47 mM); Clear solution
- 3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (5.38 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description Bufalin is an active component isolated from Chan Su, acts as a potent Na $^+$ /K $^+$ -ATPase inhibitor, binds to the subunit α1, α2 and α3, with K $_d$ of 42.5, 45 and 40 nM, respectively^{[1][2]}. Anti-cancer activity^[2].

 $\textbf{IC}_{\textbf{50}} \, \textbf{\& Target} \\ \textbf{Kd: 42.5 nM (Na,K-ATPase } \alpha \textbf{1), 45 nM (Na,K-ATPase } \alpha \textbf{2), 40 nM (Na,K-ATPase } \alpha \textbf{3)}^{[1]} \\ \textbf{AS} \, \textbf{M} \,$

In Vitro

Bufalin (0, 1, 2, 4 μM for 48 hours) decreases cell viability in NCI-H460 cells^[2].

Bufalin (2 μM) increases caspae-3, Endo G and GADD153 mRNA expression, but decreases the GRP78 mRNA expression^[2].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only. Cell Viability $Assay^{[2]}$

Cell Line:	NCI-H460 cells	
Concentration:	0, 1, 2, 4 μΜ	
Incubation Time:	48 hours	
Result:	Decreased viability of NCI-H460 cells in a dose-dependent manner.	

In Vivo

Bufalin (0.1, 0.2, or 0.4 mg/kg, i.p., daily for 14 days) shows significant anti-tumor activity in mice bearing NCI-H460 cells^[2]. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	Forty male athymic BALB/c nu/nu mice (6-8 weeks old) ^[2]	
Dosage:	0.1, 0.2, or 0.4 mg/kg	
Administration:	I.P. every day until 14 days	
Result:	Dose-dependently suppressed tumor growth.	

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Pharmacol Res. 2021 Nov 2;105927.
- Apoptosis. 2023 May 30.
- Int J Mol Sci. 2022 Nov 1;23(21):13354.
- Int J Mol Med. 2020 Dec;46(6):2137-2149.
- Cancers. 2020 Aug 4;12(8):2169.

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REFERENCES

[1]. Katz A, et al. Selectivity of digitalis glycosides for isoforms of human Na,K-ATPase. J Biol Chem. 2010 Jun 18;285(25):19582-92.

[2]. Wu SH, et al. Bufalin induces apoptosis in vitro and has Antitumor activity against human lung cancer xenografts in vivo. Environ Toxicol. 2017 Apr;32(4):1305-1317.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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