Product Data Sheet

Auraptene

Cat. No.: HY-N2388 CAS No.: 495-02-3 $C_{19}H_{22}O_3$ Molecular Formula: Molecular Weight: 298.38

MMP; PPAR; Bacterial Target:

Pathway: Metabolic Enzyme/Protease; Cell Cycle/DNA Damage; Vitamin D Related/Nuclear

Receptor; Anti-infection

4°C, protect from light Storage:

* In solvent: -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (protect from light)

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO: 50 mg/mL (167.57 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	3.3514 mL	16.7572 mL	33.5143 mL
	5 mM	0.6703 mL	3.3514 mL	6.7029 mL
	10 mM	0.3351 mL	1.6757 mL	3.3514 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (6.97 mM); Clear solution
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (6.97 mM); Clear solution
- 3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (6.97 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	Auraptene is an orally active geranyloxycoumarin that can be isolated from plants in the Brassicaceae family, antibacterial, anti-pathogen, antioxidant, anti-tumor, and neuroprotective effects. Auraptene plays an important role in the treatment of various chronic diseases such as hypertension and cystic fibrosis ^{[1][2]} .
IC ₅₀ & Target	MMP-2
In Vitro	Auraptene (0-20 μ M, 2 h) reduces the secretion of inflammatory mediators stimulated by lipopolysaccharides in oral epithelial cells and promotes wound healing by promoting cell migration ^[1] .

Auraptene (10 μ M, 24 h) inhibits the cell cycle progression of human breast cancer cell line MCF-7 by reducing the expression of cyclin D1 protein and inhibiting IGF-1^[2].

Auraptene (10 μM, 4 days) exhibits antiviral activity against human coronavirus OC43 in MRC-5 cells^[6].

Auraptene (25-400 μ M) protects red blood cells from free radical induced damage by preventing the consumption of intracellular antioxidant GSH and inhibiting protein peroxidation^[7].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Cell Viability Assay^[1].

Cell Line:	Oral epithelial cell line GMSM-K	
Concentration:	0-20 μΜ	
Incubation Time:	2 h	
Result:	Didn't affect the survival rate of epithelial cells.	
Real Time qPCR ^[2] .		
Cell Line:	MCF-7 cell	
Concentration:	10 μΜ	
Incubation Time:	24 h	
Result:	Upregulated gene expression levels of CDKN2B (Cyclin dependent kinase inhibitor 2B), DDIT3 (DNA damage inducible transcript 3), and JUN (JUN oncogene).	
Real Time qPCR ^[6] .		
Cell Line:	HCoV-OC43-infected human lung fibroblast MRC-5 cells	
Concentration:	10 μΜ	
Incubation Time:	4 days	
Result:	Decreased viral RNA levels in HCoV-OC43-infected cells.	

In Vivo

Auraptene (200, 500 ppm, mixed in the diet, p.o.) delays the tumor progression of breast cancer rats by inhibiting cyclin D1 protein^[3].

Auraptene (100, 500 ppm, mixed in the diet, p.o.) alleviates gastritis by reducing Helicobacter pylori colonization and proinflammatory mediator production in C57BL/6 mice^[4].

Auraptene (5, 50 mg/kg, 6 weeks, p.o.) prevents heart failure caused by myocardial infarction by activating peroxisome proliferator activated receptor alpha (PPAR alpha) in rats ^[5].

Auraptene (2, 4, 8, 16 mg/kg, 5 weeks, p.o.) exhibits anti hypertensive effects in hypertensive rats by reducing mean systolic blood pressure [8].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	Mammary carcinogenesis model in female Sprague Dawley rats ^[3] .	
Dosage:	200, 500 ppm	
Administration:	Oral gavage (p.o.); mixed in the diet	
Result:	Delayed median time to tumor by 39 days and reduced Insulin like Growth Factor-1 (IGF-1, 10 ng/mL)-induced cyclin D1 expression by 40% in MCF-7 cells.	

Animal Model:	Female C57BL/6 mice ^[4] .	
Dosage:	100, 500 ppm	
Administration:	Oral gavage (p.o.); mixed in the diet	
Result:	Inhibited H. pylori–induced expression and/or production of CD74, macrophage migration inhibitory factor, interleukin-1b, and tumor necrosis factor-a in gastric mucosa, together with serum macrophage inhibitory protein-2.	
Animal Model:	Sprague–Dawley rats with moderate myocardial infarction ^[5] .	
Dosage:	5, 50 mg/kg	
Administration:	Oral gavage (p.o.); 6 weeks	
Result:	Suppresses PE-induced hypertrophic responses in cardiomyocytes. Prevented the development of cardiac hypertrophy and fibrosis in rats with myocardial infarction.	
Animal Model:	Desoxycorticosterone acetate (DOCA) salt induced hypertensive rats $^{[8]}$.	
Dosage:	2, 4, 8, 16 mg/kg	
Administration:	Oral gavage (p.o.); 5 weeks	
Result:	Reduced the mean systolic blood pressure (MSBP) in DOCA salt treated rats.	

REFERENCES

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- [3]. Krishnan P, et al. Citrus auraptene suppresses cyclin D1 and significantly delays N-methyl nitrosourea induced mammary carcinogenesis in female Sprague-Dawley rats. BMC Cancer. 2009 Jul 29;9:259.
- [4]. Sekiguchi H, et al. Auraptene attenuates gastritis via reduction of Helicobacter pylori colonization and pro-inflammatory mediator production in C57BL/6 mice. J Med Food. 2012 Jul;15(7):658-63.
- [5]. Sunagawa Y, et al. Auraptene, a citrus peel-derived natural product, prevents myocardial infarction-induced heart failure by activating PPARα in rats. Phytomedicine. 2022 Dec;107:154457.
- [6]. Min JS, et al. Auraptene Has Antiviral Activity against Human Coronavirus OC43 in MRC-5 Cells. Nutrients. 2023 Jun 29;15(13):2960.
- $[7]. \ Jamialah madi \ K, et al. \ Protective \ Effects \ of \ Auraptene \ against \ Free \ Radical-Induced \ Erythrocytes \ Damage. \ J \ Pharmacopuncture. \ 2022 \ Dec \ 31;25(4):344-353.$
- [8]. Razavi BM, et al. Antihypertensive effect of auraptene, a monoterpene coumarin from the genus Citrus, upon chronic administration. Iran J Basic Med Sci. 2015 Feb;18(2):153-8.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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