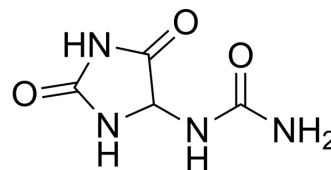


Allantoin

Cat. No.:	HY-N0543
CAS No.:	97-59-6
Molecular Formula:	C ₄ H ₆ N ₄ O ₃
Molecular Weight:	158.12
Target:	Imidazoline Receptor; Endogenous Metabolite
Pathway:	Neuronal Signaling; Metabolic Enzyme/Protease
Storage:	Powder -20°C 3 years 4°C 2 years In solvent -80°C 2 years -20°C 1 year



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO : 50 mg/mL (316.22 mM; Need ultrasonic)
 H₂O : 3.85 mg/mL (24.35 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent		Mass		
	Concentration		1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM		6.3243 mL	31.6216 mL	63.2431 mL
	5 mM		1.2649 mL	6.3243 mL	12.6486 mL
	10 mM		0.6324 mL	3.1622 mL	6.3243 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- Add each solvent one by one: 50% PEG300 >> 50% saline
Solubility: 12.5 mg/mL (79.05 mM); Clear solution; Need ultrasonic
- Add each solvent one by one: 0.5% CMC-Na/saline water
Solubility: 8.33 mg/mL (52.68 mM); Clear solution; Need ultrasonic
- Add each solvent one by one: corn oil
Solubility: 6.25 mg/mL (39.53 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline
Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (15.81 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline)
Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (15.81 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil
Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (15.81 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: PBS
Solubility: 2 mg/mL (12.65 mM); Clear solution; Need ultrasonic and warming and heat to 60°C

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	Allantoin is a skin conditioning agent that promotes healthy skin, stimulates new and healthy tissue growth.	
IC₅₀ & Target	Microbial Metabolite	Human Endogenous Metabolite
In Vitro	<p>Allantoin is a well-known cosmetic ingredient reported to have anti-oxidative and anti-inflammatory activities^[1]. Allantoin attenuates apoptosis and cytotoxicity and increased the viability of STZ-induced β-cells in a dose-dependent manner. Allantoin decreases the level of caspase-3 and increases the level of phosphorylated B-cell lymphoma 2 (Bcl-2) expression. Allantoin has been demonstrated to activate imidazoline 3 (I3) receptors^[2].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p>	
In Vivo	<p>The subchronic administration of allantoin (1, 3 or 10 mg/kg, for 7 days) significantly increases the latency time measured during the passive avoidance task in scopolamine-induced cholinergic blockade and normal naive mice. Allantoin treatment (3 or 10 mg/kg, for 7 days) also increases the expression levels of phosphorylated phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase (PI3K), phosphorylated protein kinase B (Akt) and phosphorylated glycogen synthase kinase-3β (GSK-3β). Allantoin significantly increases the neuronal cell proliferation of immature neurons in the hippocampal dentate gyrus region^[1]. Daily injection of allantoin for 8 days in STZ-treated rats significantly lowers plasma glucose and increases plasma insulin levels^[2]. Allantoin decreases blood pressures in SHR at 30 minutes, as the most effective time. Also, this antihypertensive action is shown in a dose-dependent manner from SHR treated with allantoin. Moreover, in anesthetized rats, allantoin inhibits cardiac contractility and heart rate. Also, the peripheral blood flow is markedly increased by allantoin^[3].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p>	

PROTOCOL

Cell Assay ^[2]	<p>Pancreatic β-cells are treated with 1, 10, 100 μM of allantoin before 30 min prior to the addition of 5 mM STZ and incubated for 6 h. Cell viability is measured using the ApoTox-Glo triplex assay^[2].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p>
Animal Administration ^{[1][3]}	<p>Rats: Animals are randomly assigned into four groups: (I) the control group treated with the vehicle, saline; (II) the allantoin group treated by intravenous injection of allantoin at 0.5 mg/kg; (III) the allantoin+efaroxan group treated with allantoin at the most effective dose (0.5 mg/kg, i.v.) and efaroxan at effective dose (1.5 mg/kg, i.v.) 30 minutes before injection of allantoin; and (IV) the allantoin treated SHR group treated by intravenous injection of allantoin at various dose for desired time. After treatment of allantoin, the rats are placed into a holder for the determination of the mean blood pressure^[3].</p> <p>Mice: For memory ameliorating study, mice are administered vehicle solution, allantoin (1, 3 or 10 mg/kg, p.o.) or donepezil (5 mg/kg, p.o.) at the same time (10:00-12:00 a.m) and same place for 7 days. For memory enhancing study, mice are administered vehicle solution, allantoin (1, 3 or 10 mg/kg, p.o.) or piracetam (200 mg/kg, i.p.). The final administration of allantoin, donepezil or piracetam is performed 1 h before an acquisition trial in the passive avoidance task^[1].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p>

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- FASEB J. 2022 May;36(5):e22305.
- Research Square Preprint. 2021 Aug.

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REFERENCES

- [1]. Ahn YJ, et al. Effects of allantoin on cognitive function and hippocampal neurogenesis. *Food Chem Toxicol.* 2014 Feb;64:210-6.
- [2]. Amitani M, et al. Allantoin ameliorates chemically-induced pancreatic β -cell damage through activation of the imidazoline I3 receptors. *PeerJ.* 2015 Aug 6;3:e1105.
- [3]. Chen MF, et al. Antihypertensive action of allantoin in animals. *Biomed Res Int.* 2014;2014:690135.
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Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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