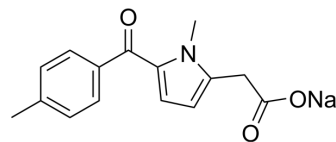


## Tolmetin sodium

<b>Cat. No.:</b>	HY-B1799A
<b>CAS No.:</b>	35711-34-3
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>14</sub> NNaO <sub>3</sub>
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	279.27
<b>Target:</b>	COX
<b>Pathway:</b>	Immunology/Inflammation
<b>Storage:</b>	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.



### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

<b>Description</b>	Tolmetin sodium is an orally active and potent COX inhibitor with IC <sub>50</sub> s of 0.35 μM and 0.82 μM human COX-1 and COX-2, respectively. Tolmetin sodium is a non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug (NSAID) <sup>[1][2]</sup> .	
<b>IC<sub>50</sub> &amp; Target</b>	Human COX-1 0.35 μM (IC <sub>50</sub> )	Human COX-2 0.82 μM (IC <sub>50</sub> )
<b>In Vitro</b>	<p>Tolmetin sodium (0.25 mM) does not attenuate lipid peroxidation in rat brain homogenate. Tolmetin (0.25, 0.5, 0.75, 1 mM) shows radical scavenging properties but without superoxide anion generation in rat brain homogenate<sup>[3]</sup>.</p> <p>Tolmetin sodium (0.001-100 μM) shows anticancer activity againsts HT-29 colon cancer cell line in a dose-dependent manner [4].</p> <p>Tolmetin sodium (0-100 μM) shows no effect on osteoblast growth<sup>[5]</sup>.</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p>	
<b>In Vivo</b>	<p>Tolmetin sodium (30,100 mg/kg; gavage; single dose or twice daily for 3 and 14 days) shows maximal ulcerogenic effect 4 h after the single dose, while potently decreases after 3 and 14 days of repeated administration in male Wistar rats weighing 180-200 g. Tolmetin causes gastric lesions in 100 mg/kg<sup>[2]</sup>.</p> <p>Tolmetin sodium (5 mg/kg twice a day for 5 days) pre-treatment considerably attenuates quinolinic acid (QA)-induced neurotoxicity<sup>[3]</sup>.</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p>	

### REFERENCES

- [1]. DADAŞ, Yakup, et al. Synthesis and anticancer activity of some novel tolmetin thiosemicarbazides. *Marmara Pharmaceutical Journal* 19(3) • April 2015
- [2]. T D Warner, et al. Nonsteroid drug selectivities for cyclo-oxygenase-1 rather than cyclo-oxygenase-2 are associated with human gastrointestinal toxicity: a full in vitro analysis. *Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A.* 1999 Jun 22;96(13):7563-8.
- [3]. Etcheverry SB, et al. Three new vanadyl(IV) complexes with non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (Ibuprofen, Naproxen and Tolmetin). Bioactivity on osteoblast-like cells in culture. *J Inorg Biochem.* 2002 Jan 1;88(1):94-100.

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**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

Tel: 609-228-6898

Fax: 609-228-5909

E-mail: [tech@MedChemExpress.com](mailto:tech@MedChemExpress.com)

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA