Proteins

Product Data Sheet

Tiamulin

Cat. No.: HY-B2060 CAS No.: 55297-95-5 Molecular Formula: $C_{28}H_{47}NO_4S$ Molecular Weight: 493.74

Target: Bacterial; Antibiotic Pathway: Anti-infection

Pure form -20°C Storage: 3 years

2 years

In solvent -80°C 6 months

> -20°C 1 month

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO: 100 mg/mL (202.54 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	2.0254 mL	10.1268 mL	20.2536 mL
	5 mM	0.4051 mL	2.0254 mL	4.0507 mL
	10 mM	0.2025 mL	1.0127 mL	2.0254 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 5 mg/mL (10.13 mM); Clear solution
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 5 mg/mL (10.13 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description

Tiamulin (Thiamutilin) is a diterpenic antibiotic that is widely used in pigs and poultry for the control of infectious diseases. Tiamulin is effectively used in the study of airsacculitis, which is primarily caused by Mycoplasma spp $^{[1]}$.

In Vitro

Tiamulin is a semisynthetic derivative of the diterpene antibiotic Pleuromutilin and is effectively used in the study of airsacculitis, which is primarily caused by Mycoplasma spp^[1].

Tiamulin is highly active in vitro against Mycoplasma strains (M. gallisepticum, M. synoviae, M. meleagridis, and M. iowae), Spirochaetes (Brachyspira hyodysenteriae, Brachyspira innocens, B. pilosicoli, B. intermedia), gram-positive bacteria (staphylococci, streptococci, Clostridia, Arcanobacterium spp), but less active against gram-negative bacteria (Pasteurella, Klebsiella, Haemophilus, Fusobacterium, Campylobacter, Bacteroides spp.) $^{[1]}$.

Tiamulin binds with the rRNA in the peptidyl transferase slot on the ribosome, in which it prevents the correct positioning of

	the CCA ends of tRNA for peptide transferase and subsequent protein production ^[1] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.
In Vivo	Tiamulin is highly effective in the treatment of avian intestinal spirochaetosis in breeder and layer hens at 25 mg/kg of BW per day over 5 d in artificial infection studies with B. pilosicoli and B. intermedia, respectively ^[1] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

REFERENCES

[1]. Islam KM, et al. The activity and compatibility of the antibiotic tiamulin with other drugs in poultry medicine--A review. Poult Sci. 2009 Nov;88(11):2353-9.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898 Fax: 609-228-5909 E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA

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