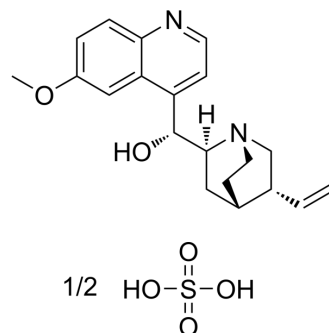


## Quinine hemisulfate

<b>Cat. No.:</b>	HY-B0433B
<b>CAS No.:</b>	804-63-7
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>24</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> ·1/2H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	373.45
<b>Target:</b>	Parasite; Potassium Channel; Flavivirus; Dengue virus
<b>Pathway:</b>	Anti-infection; Membrane Transporter/Ion Channel
<b>Storage:</b>	4°C, protect from light, stored under nitrogen * In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (protect from light, stored under nitrogen)



### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

<b>Description</b>	Quinine hemisulfate is an orally active alkaloid extracted from cinchona bark and can be used in anti-malarial studies. Quinine hemisulfate is a potassium channel inhibitor that inhibits WT mouse Slo3 (K <sub>Ca</sub> 5.1) channel currents evoked by voltage pulses to +100 mV with an IC <sub>50</sub> of 169 μM <sup>[1][2]</sup> .								
<b>IC<sub>50</sub> &amp; Target</b>	Plasmodium								
<b>In Vitro</b>	<p>Quinine hemisulfate (150 μM, 30 min) inhibits the proliferation and cytostatic effects of DENV (Dengue virus) in human hepatocarcinoma HepG2 cell line<sup>[1]</sup>.</p> <p>Quinine hemisulfate (37.5-150 μM, 24 hours) significantly reduces viral DENV RNA and protein levels in a dose-dependent manner in human hepatocarcinoma HepG2 cell line<sup>[1]</sup>.</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <p>Cell Proliferation Assay<sup>[1]</sup></p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Cell Line:</td> <td>Human hepatocarcinoma cell line(HepG2)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Concentration:</td> <td>150 μM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Incubation Time:</td> <td>30 min</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Inhibited DENV virus replication with 19% yield compared to untreated. Reduced DENV-positive cells from 23.28% to 12.05% in a dose-dependent manner.</td> </tr> </table>	Cell Line:	Human hepatocarcinoma cell line(HepG2)	Concentration:	150 μM	Incubation Time:	30 min	Result:	Inhibited DENV virus replication with 19% yield compared to untreated. Reduced DENV-positive cells from 23.28% to 12.05% in a dose-dependent manner.
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<b>In Vivo</b>	<p>Quinine hemisulfate (oral gavage, 12 or 15 mg/kg, every week, 16 weeks) has some tumor suppressing effect on skin cancer in Swiss albino mice<sup>[2]</sup>.</p> <p>Quinine hemisulfate (oral gavage, 10 mg/kg, everyday, 8 weeks) causes a decrease in the antioxidant defense system of rat testicular tissue such as SOD, CAT and GSH enzyme activity in male adult albino rats<sup>[3]</sup>.</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Animal Model:</td> <td>Swiss albino mice 7-8-weeks (weighing 24 g)<sup>[2]</sup></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dosage:</td> <td>12 mg/kg, 15 mg/kg</td> </tr> </table>	Animal Model:	Swiss albino mice 7-8-weeks (weighing 24 g) <sup>[2]</sup>	Dosage:	12 mg/kg, 15 mg/kg				
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Dosage:	12 mg/kg, 15 mg/kg								

Administration:	Oral gavage; every week; 16 weeks
Result:	Resulted in a significant reduction in tumor size and weight at 12 mg/kg and little effect at higher dose of 15 mg/kg.

## CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Mol Med Rep. 2021 Mar 2.
- Norwegian University of Science and Technology, Faculty of Medicine and Health sciences. 2019 Sep.

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## REFERENCES

- [1]. Shilu Malakar et al. Drug repurposing of quinine as antiviral against dengue virus infection. Virus Res. 2018 Aug 15;255:171-178. doi: 10.1016/j.virusres.2018.07.018. Epub 2018 Jul 25.
- [2]. Ebenezer O Farombi, et al. Quercetin protects against testicular toxicity induced by chronic administration of therapeutic dose of quinine sulfate in rats. J Basic Clin Physiol Pharmacol. 2012 Feb 27;23(1):39-44.
- [3]. Jhanwar, Deepika et al. Chemoprevention of DMBA induced skin carcinogenesis in swiss albino mice by quinine sulfate.(2016): 2636-2640.

**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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