# Polyvinylpyrrolidone

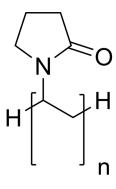
Cat. No.: HY-B1620 CAS No.: 9003-39-8 (C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>9</sub>NO)n Molecular Formula:

**Biochemical Assay Reagents** Target:

Pathway: Others

Storage: Powder -20°C 3 years

> 4°C 2 years



**Product** Data Sheet

#### **SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY**

In Vitro  $H_2O: \geq 50 \text{ mg/mL}$ 

DMSO: 25 mg/mL (Need ultrasonic)

\* "≥" means soluble, but saturation unknown.

## **BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY**

Description Polyvinylpyrrolidone is a compound which has been widely tested and used in human and veterinary medicine as an effective wound healing accelerator and disinfectant when combined with iodine and other compounds.

In Vivo Goldfishes which are treated with salt have significantly lower mucus weights at 25 h. Goldfishes treated with Polyvinylpyrrolidone (PVP) have significantly higher mucus weights at 25 h. Koi treated with salt and Polyvinylpyrrolidone

(PVP) has significantly lower mucus weight at 1 and 25 h. Control koi has significantly higher mucus at 25 h. At the end of 2 weeks, it is determined that the three koi treated with salt and Polyvinylpyrrolidone(PVP) remain healthy and show a higher degree of healing than other treatment koi and the control group[1].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

# **PROTOCOL**

Animal Administration [1] Each fish within a tank serves as a replicate. Treatments are designated as Polyvinylpyrrolidone (at a dose of 10 mL/10 gallon) and saline/salt at 3g/L. A control group that does not receive any chemical is also included in the study. All fishes from each treatment group are sampled at 0 min, 15 min, 1 h, 4 h and 25 h. At each time interval, all fishes from each treatment group are anaesthetized using buffered tricaine methanesulfonate, weighed, and slime is scraped from one 1 cm $^2$ area over the epaxial musculature using a preweighed plastic coverslip $^{[1]}$ .

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### **REFERENCES**

1]. Shivappa RB, et al. Laborat	ory evaluation of different form	mulations of Stress Coat? for slin	ne production in goldfish (Carassius auratus) a	nd koi (Cyprinus carpio). Peer.L
2017 Sep 6;5:e3759.	,		8	(-),
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