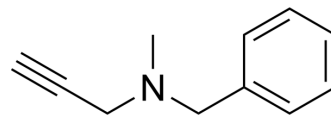


Pargyline

Cat. No.:	HY-A0091A
CAS No.:	555-57-7
Molecular Formula:	C ₁₁ H ₁₃ N
Molecular Weight:	159.23
Target:	Monoamine Oxidase
Pathway:	Neuronal Signaling
Storage:	4°C, sealed storage, away from moisture * In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture)



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	DMSO : 100 mg/mL (628.02 mM; Need ultrasonic)																							
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Solvent Concentration</th> <th colspan="3">Mass</th> </tr> <tr> <th>1 mg</th> <th>5 mg</th> <th>10 mg</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Preparing Stock Solutions</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>1 mM</td> <td>6.2802 mL</td> <td>31.4011 mL</td> <td>62.8022 mL</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5 mM</td> <td>1.2560 mL</td> <td>6.2802 mL</td> <td>12.5604 mL</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10 mM</td> <td>0.6280 mL</td> <td>3.1401 mL</td> <td>6.2802 mL</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Solvent Concentration	Mass			1 mg	5 mg	10 mg	Preparing Stock Solutions				1 mM	6.2802 mL	31.4011 mL	62.8022 mL	5 mM	1.2560 mL	6.2802 mL	12.5604 mL	10 mM	0.6280 mL	3.1401 mL	6.2802 mL
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	Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.																							
In Vivo	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (15.70 mM); Clear solution Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (15.70 mM); Clear solution Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (15.70 mM); Clear solution 																							

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	Pargyline is an irreversible monoamine oxidase (MAO) inhibitor with K _s of 13 μM and 0.5 μM for MAO-A and MAO-B, respectively. Pargyline has antihypertensive and anticancer activities ^{[1][2][3]} . Pargyline is a click chemistry reagent, it contains an Alkyne group and can undergo copper-catalyzed azide-alkyne cycloaddition (CuAAC) with molecules containing Azide groups.	
IC₅₀ & Target	MAO-B 0.5 μM (Ki)	MAO-A 13 μM (Ki)
In Vitro	Pargyline (0.5-2 mM; 24-120 hours; LNCaP-LN3 cells) treatment inhibits the proliferation of prostate cancer cells in a time-	

and dose-dependent manner^[2].

Pargyline (0.5-2 mM; 24-48 hours; LNCaP-LN3 cells) treatment decreases S phase and increases the G1 phase in the cells in a dose-dependent manner^[2].

Pargyline (0.5 mM; 24 hours; LNCaP-LN3 cells) treatment increases the apoptotic cells^[2].

Pargyline (2 mM; 48 hours; LNCaP-LN3 cells) treatment induces an increase of cytochrome c and a decrease of caspase-3 in the cells, but does not lead to a change of BCL-2 expression^[2].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Cell Proliferation Assay^[2]

Cell Line:	LNCaP-LN3 cells
Concentration:	0.5 mM, 1 mM, 1.5 mM or 2 mM
Incubation Time:	24 hours, 48 hours, 72 hours, 96 hours or 120 hours
Result:	Inhibited the proliferation of prostate cancer cells in a time- and dose-dependent manner.

Cell Cycle Analysis^[2]

Cell Line:	LNCaP-LN3 cells
Concentration:	0.5 mM, 2 mM
Incubation Time:	24 hours, 48 hours
Result:	The S phase ratio of the cells was decreased, while their G1 phase ratio was increased.

Apoptosis Analysis^[2]

Cell Line:	LNCaP-LN3 cells
Concentration:	0.5 mM
Incubation Time:	24 hours
Result:	Increased the apoptotic cells.

Western Blot Analysis^[2]

Cell Line:	LNCaP-LN3 cells
Concentration:	2 mM
Incubation Time:	48 hours
Result:	Induced an increase of cytochrome c and a decrease of caspase-3.

In Vivo

Pargyline (10 mg/kg; iv) treatment induces a moderate (about 20 mm Hg) but persistent (48 h) decrease of systolic blood pressure in unanesthetized adult spontaneously hypertensive rats (SHR) but not in normotensive rats^[3].

A low dose of Pargyline (200 µg; icv) injected directly into the brain lowered arterial pressure. The hypotensive action of Pargyline in SHR appears to be the consequence of Norepinephrine accumulating at an inhibitory α -adrenoceptor in brain^[3].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

- Neural Regen Res. 2021;16:1660-70.
- J Parkinson Dis. 2020;10(2):523-542.

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REFERENCES

- [1]. C J Fowler, et al. The nature of the inhibition of rat liver monoamine oxidase types A and B by the acetylenic inhibitors clorgyline, l-deprenyl and pargyline. *Biochem Pharmacol.* 1982 Nov 15;31(22):3555-61.
- [2]. Hyung Tae Lee, et al. Effects of the monoamine oxidase inhibitors pargyline and tranlycypromine on cellular proliferation in human prostate cancer cells. *Oncol Rep.* 2013 Oct;30(4):1587-92.
- [3]. Fuentes JA, et al. Central mediation of the antihypertensive effect of pargyline in spontaneously hypertensive rats. *Eur J Pharmacol.* 1979 Jul 15;57(1):21-7.
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Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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