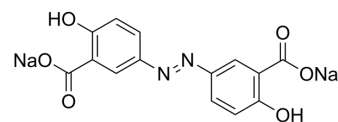


Olsalazine Disodium

Cat. No.:	HY-B0174
CAS No.:	6054-98-4
Molecular Formula:	C ₁₄ H ₈ N ₂ Na ₂ O ₆
Molecular Weight:	346.2
Target:	Leukotriene Receptor; Antibiotic
Pathway:	GPCR/G Protein; Anti-infection
Storage:	-20°C, sealed storage, away from moisture and light * In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture and light)



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	H ₂ O : 50 mg/mL (144.43 mM; Need ultrasonic)																					
	DMSO : 20 mg/mL (57.77 mM; Need ultrasonic)																					
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Solvent</th> <th rowspan="2">Mass</th> <th colspan="3">Concentration</th> </tr> <tr> <th>1 mg</th> <th>5 mg</th> <th>10 mg</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td rowspan="3">Preparing Stock Solutions</td> <td>1 mM</td> <td>2.8885 mL</td> <td>14.4425 mL</td> <td>28.8850 mL</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5 mM</td> <td>0.5777 mL</td> <td>2.8885 mL</td> <td>5.7770 mL</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10 mM</td> <td>0.2889 mL</td> <td>1.4443 mL</td> <td>2.8885 mL</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Solvent	Mass	Concentration			1 mg	5 mg	10 mg	Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM	2.8885 mL	14.4425 mL	28.8850 mL	5 mM	0.5777 mL	2.8885 mL	5.7770 mL	10 mM	0.2889 mL	1.4443 mL	2.8885 mL
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Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.																						
In Vivo	1. Add each solvent one by one: PBS Solubility: 15 mg/mL (43.33 mM); Clear solution; Need ultrasonic																					

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	<p>Olsalazine Disodium is an anti-inflammatory drug used in the treatment of Inflammatory Bowel Disease and Ulcerative Colitis. Target: Antibacterial. Olsalazine Disodium is a derivative of salicylic acid. Inactive by itself (it is a prodrug), it is converted by the bacteria in the colon to mesalamine. Olsalazine Disodium is potent inhibitors of human intestinal macrophages chemotaxis to LTB₄ with IC₅₀ of 0.39 mM. Olsalazine Disodium (0.4 mM) inhibits the superoxide radical production generated by phorbol myristate acetate (PMA)-activated neutrophils or by xanthine-xanthine oxidase reaction by reduction of 31% and 73%, respectively. Olsalazine Disodium inhibits tumor growth in a rodent model of colorectal cancer. In 1,2-dimethylhydrazine-treated rats, Olsalazine (25 mg/kg/day) decreases number and volume of tumors by 58.17% and 62.67%, respectively. Administration of Olsalazine (Disodium) induces a 1.7-fold times increase in the number of apoptotic cells, accompanied with a reduction of 42.4% in cell proliferation rate.</p>
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REFERENCES

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- [1]. Nielsen, O.H., H.W. Verspaget, and J. Elmgreen, Inhibition of intestinal macrophage chemotaxis to leukotriene B4 by sulphasalazine, olsalazine, and 5-aminosalicylic acid. *Aliment Pharmacol Ther*, 1988. 2(3): p. 203-11.
- [2]. Gionchetti, P., et al., Scavenger effect of sulfasalazine, 5-aminosalicylic acid, and olsalazine on superoxide radical generation. *Dig Dis Sci*, 1991. 36(2): p. 174-8.
- [3]. Brown, W.A., et al., 5-aminosalicylic acid and olsalazine inhibit tumor growth in a rodent model of colorectal cancer. *Dig Dis Sci*, 2000. 45(8): p. 1578-84.
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Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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