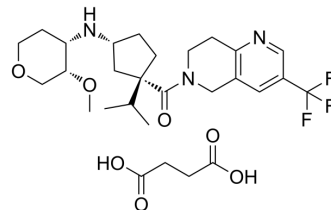


## MK-0812 Succinate

<b>Cat. No.:</b>	HY-50669A
<b>CAS No.:</b>	851916-42-2
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>28</sub> H <sub>40</sub> F <sub>3</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>7</sub>
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	587.63
<b>Target:</b>	CCR
<b>Pathway:</b>	GPCR/G Protein; Immunology/Inflammation
<b>Storage:</b>	4°C, sealed storage, away from moisture * In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture)



### SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

#### In Vitro

DMSO : ≥ 32 mg/mL (54.46 mM)  
\* "≥" means soluble, but saturation unknown.

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Concentration	Mass		
		1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	1.7018 mL	8.5088 mL	17.0175 mL
	5 mM	0.3404 mL	1.7018 mL	3.4035 mL
	10 mM	0.1702 mL	0.8509 mL	1.7018 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

#### In Vivo

- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline  
Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (4.25 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline)  
Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (4.25 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil  
Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (4.25 mM); Clear solution

### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

#### Description

MK-0812 Succinate is a potent and selective CCR2 antagonist with high affinity at CCR2.

#### IC<sub>50</sub> & Target

CCR2

#### In Vitro

MK-0812 is a potent and selective CCR2 antagonist<sup>[1]</sup>. MK-0812 completely blocks all MCP-1 mediated response in a concentration dependent manner, with an IC<sub>50</sub> of 3.2 nM. This value is similar to the potency observed for the inhibition of <sup>125</sup>I-MCP-1 binding by MK-0812 on isolated monocytes (IC<sub>50</sub> 4.5 nM). In fact, MK-0812 not only completely blocks the shape change response to exogenous MCP-1, but also results in a monocyte forward scatter measurement below unstimulated or

basal levels. The addition of MK-0812 to rhesus blood also inhibits MCP-1 induced monocyte shape change. The IC<sub>50</sub> for MK-0812 in whole blood assays is 8 nM<sup>[2]</sup>

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

#### In Vivo

MK-0812 (30 mg/kg, p.o.) reduces the frequency of Ly6G<sup>-</sup>Ly6C<sup>hi</sup> monocytes in the peripheral blood, while no impact on circulating Ly6G<sup>+</sup>Ly6C<sup>+</sup> neutrophil frequency is observed. In addition, MK-0812 treatment causes a dose-dependent reduction in circulating Ly6C<sup>hi</sup> monocytes and a corresponding elevation in the CCR2 ligand CCL2<sup>[1]</sup>. MK-0812 is administered by continuous i.v. infusion to maintain a constant level of the drug in blood<sup>[2]</sup>.

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## PROTOCOL

#### Animal Administration <sup>[1]</sup>

Mice<sup>[1]</sup>

Female BALB/c mice are used between 8 and 10 weeks of age. SCH563705 or MK-0812 are administered in a 0.4% methylcellulose (MC) solution by 30 mg/kg oral gavage (p.o.). Two hours later, the frequency of CD11b<sup>+</sup>Ly6G<sup>-</sup>Ly6C<sup>hi</sup> monocytes and CD11b<sup>+</sup>Ly6G<sup>+</sup>Ly6C<sup>+</sup> neutrophils is determined by flow cytometry<sup>[1]</sup>

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

## REFERENCES

[1]. Min SH, et al. Pharmacological targeting reveals distinct roles for CXCR2/CXCR1 and CCR2 in a mouse model of arthritis. *Biochem Biophys Res Commun.* 2010 Jan 1;391(1):1080-6.

[2]. Wisniewski T, et al. Assessment of chemokine receptor function on monocytes in whole blood: In vitro and ex vivo evaluations of a CCR2 antagonist. *J Immunol Methods.* 2010 Jan 31;352(1-2):101-10.

**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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