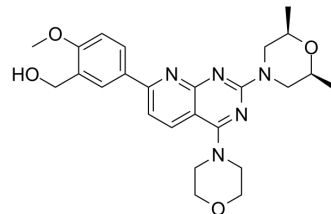


KU-0063794

Cat. No.:	HY-50710		
CAS No.:	938440-64-3		
Molecular Formula:	C ₂₅ H ₃₁ N ₅ O ₄		
Molecular Weight:	465.54		
Target:	mTOR		
Pathway:	PI3K/Akt/mTOR		
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	2 years
		-20°C	1 year



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	DMSO : 16.67 mg/mL (35.81 mM; Need ultrasonic)				
		Solvent Concentration	Mass 1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM	2.1480 mL	10.7402 mL	21.4804 mL
		5 mM	0.4296 mL	2.1480 mL	4.2961 mL
10 mM		0.2148 mL	1.0740 mL	2.1480 mL	
Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.					
In Vivo	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 1.67 mg/mL (3.59 mM); Clear solution Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 1.67 mg/mL (3.59 mM); Clear solution Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 1.67 mg/mL (3.59 mM); Clear solution 				

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	KU-0063794 is a potent and specific mTOR inhibitor, inhibiting both the mTORC1 and mTORC2 complexes with IC ₅₀ s of 10 nM.	
IC₅₀ & Target	mTORC1 10 nM (IC ₅₀)	mTORC2 10 nM (IC ₅₀)
In Vitro	Ku-0063794 is cell permeant, suppresses activation and hydrophobic motif phosphorylation of Akt, S6K and SGK, but not	

RSK (ribosomal S6 kinase), an AGC kinase not regulated by mTOR. Ku-0063794 also inhibits phosphorylation of the T-loop Thr308 residue of Akt phosphorylated by PDK1 (3-phosphoinositide-dependent protein kinase-1). Ku-0063794 induces a much greater dephosphorylation of the mTORC1 substrate 4E-BP1 (eukaryotic initiation factor 4E-binding protein 1) than rapamycin, even in mTORC2-deficient cells, suggesting a form of mTOR distinct from mTORC1, or mTORC2 phosphorylates 4E-BP1. Ku-0063794 also suppresses cell growth and induced a G1-cell-cycle arrest^[1]. Ku0063794 does not alter nuclear phospho-Mst1-Thr-120 levels in LNCaP cell nuclei, whereas Ku0063794 or CCI-779 increases phospho-Mst1-Thr-120 levels in C4-2 cell nuclei^[2]. The combination of GDC-0941 and KU0063794 inhibits the phosphorylation of 4EBP1 and S6 to a similar extent to that caused by single agent NVP-BEZ235 in HCT116, DLD1 and HT29 cell lines^[3].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

PROTOCOL

Kinase Assay ^[1]

HEK-293 cells are freshly lysed in Hepes lysis buffer. Lysate (1-4 mg) is pre-cleared by incubating with 5-20 μ L of Protein G-Sepharose conjugated to pre-immune IgG. The lysate extracts are then incubated with 5-20 μ L of Protein G-Sepharose conjugated to 5-20 μ g of either anti-Rictor or anti-Raptor antibody, or pre-immune IgG. All antibodies are covalently conjugated to Protein G-Sepharose. Immunoprecipitations are carried out for 1 hour at 4°C on a vibrating platform. The immunoprecipitates are washed four times with Hepes lysis buffer, followed by two washes with Hepes kinase buffer. For Raptor immunoprecipitates used for phosphorylating S6K1, for the initial two wash steps the buffer includes 0.5mol/LNaCl to ensure optimal kinase activity. GST-Akt1 is isolated from serum-deprived HEK-293 cells incubated with PI-103 (1 μ M for 1 hour). GST-S6K1 is purified from serum-deprived HEK-293 cells incubated with rapamycin (0.1 μ M for 1 hour). mTOR reactions are initiated by adding 0.1 mM ATP and 10 mM MgCl₂ in the presence of various concentrations of KU-0063794 and GST-Akt1 (0.5 μ g) or GST-S6K1 (0.5 μ g). Reaction are carried out for 30 minutes at 30°C on a vibrating platform and stopped by addition of SDS sample buffer. Reaction mixtures are then filtered through a 0.22- μ m-poresize Spin-X filter and samples are subjected to electrophoresis and immunoblot analysis with the indicated antibodies.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Cell Assay ^[1]

Cells are treated with KU-0063794 for 24, 48, and 72 hours, and the medium is changed every 24 hours with freshly dissolved KU-0063794. For the measurement of cell growth, cells are washed once with PBS, and fixed in 4% (v/v) paraformaldehyde in PBS for 15 minutes. After washing once with water, the cells are stained with 0.1% Crystal Violet in 10% ethanol for 20 minutes and washed three times with water. Crystal Violet is extracted from cells with 0.5 mL of 10% (v/v) ethanoic (acetic) acid for 20 minutes. The eluate is then diluted 1:10 in water and absorbance at 590 nm is quantified. For the assessment of cell cycle distribution, cells are harvested by trypsinization, washed once in PBS, and re-suspended in ice-cold aq. 70% (v/v) ethanol. Cells are washed twice in PBS plus 1% (w/v) BSA and stained for 20 minutes in PBS plus 0.1% (v/v) Triton X-100 containing 50 g/mL propidium iodide and 50 g/mL RNase A. The DNA content of cells is determined using a FACSCalibur flow cytometer and CellQuest software. Red fluorescence (585 nm) is acquired on a linear scale, and pulse width analysis is used to exclude doublets. Cell-cycle distribution is determined using FlowJo software.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Cell. 2023 Jun 22;186(13):2929-2949.e20.
- Cell Metab. 2019 Sep 3;30(3):573-593.e8.
- Cancer Lett. 2022 Jul 12;215826.
- Cell Rep. 2021 Jun 22;35(12):109277.
- Biomed Pharmacother. 2023 Sep 6;167:115447.

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- [1]. Garcia-Martinez et al. Ku-0063794 is a specific inhibitor of the mammalian target of rapamycin (mTOR). *Biochem.J.* (2009)421 29.
- [2]. Collak FK, et al. Threonine-120 phosphorylation regulated by phosphoinositide-3-kinase/Akt and mammalian target of rapamycin pathway signaling limits the antitumor activity of mammalian sterile 20-like kinase 1. *J Biol Chem.* 2012 Jul 6;287(28):23698-709. E
- [3]. Haagensen EJ, et al. The synergistic interaction of MEK and PI3K inhibitors is modulated by mTOR inhibition. *Br J Cancer.* 2012 Apr 10;106(8):1386-94.
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Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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