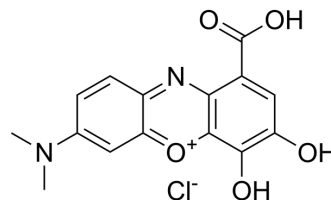


## Gallocyanine chloride

<b>Cat. No.:</b>	HY-D0961
<b>CAS No.:</b>	1562-85-2
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>13</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	336.73
<b>Target:</b>	Wnt
<b>Pathway:</b>	Stem Cell/Wnt
<b>Storage:</b>	4°C, sealed storage, away from moisture and light * In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture and light)



### SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

#### In Vitro

DMSO : ≥ 11.11 mg/mL (32.99 mM)  
\* "≥" means soluble, but saturation unknown.

Concentration	Solvent	Mass		
		1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM	2.9697 mL	14.8487 mL	29.6974 mL
	5 mM	0.5939 mL	2.9697 mL	5.9395 mL
	10 mM	0.2970 mL	1.4849 mL	2.9697 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

#### In Vivo

- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline  
Solubility: ≥ 0.53 mg/mL (1.57 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline)  
Solubility: ≥ 0.53 mg/mL (1.57 mM); Clear solution

### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

#### Description

Gallocyanine chloride, a synthetic blue dyestuff, blocks DKK1 inhibitory activity by disrupting DKK1/LRP6 interaction. Its association with LRP6 is weak (IC<sub>50</sub> of about 3 μM in the inhibition of DKK1 binding). Gallocyanine dye acts as a potential agent for the research of Alzheimer's disease and related neurodegenerative tauopathies<sup>[1]</sup>.

### REFERENCES

- [1]. Spyros Mpousis, et al. Synthesis and evaluation of gallocyanine dyes as potential agents for the treatment of Alzheimer's disease and related neurodegenerative tauopathies. Eur J Med Chem. 2016 Jan 27;108:28-38.

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**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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