Escin

Cat. No.:	HY-B2114	
CAS No.:	6805-41-0	
Molecular Formula:	C ₅₅ H ₈₆ O ₂₄	HO O OH OH OH Asscin A Asscin B
Molecular Weight:	1131.25	HO HO
Target:	Apoptosis	
Pathway:	Apoptosis	
Storage:	4°C, protect from light	o Ho
	* In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (protect from light)	

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In Vitro	DMSO : 1.92 mg/mL (1.70 mM; ultrasonic and warming and heat to 60°C) H ₂ O : < 0.1 mg/mL (insoluble)					
	Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg	
		1 mM	0.8840 mL	4.4199 mL	8.8398 mL	
		5 mM				
		10 mM				
	Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.					
In Vivo	1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (2.21 mM); Clear solution					
	2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (2.21 mM); Clear solution					
	3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (2.21 mM); Clear solution					

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY				
Description E	Escin, a natural compound of triterpenoid saponins that can be isolated from horse chestnut (Aesculus hippocastanum) seeds, can be used as a vasoprotective anti-inflammatory, anti-edematous and anti-nociceptive agent ^[1] .			
In Vitro E E H	Escin (1 μM, 0-5 h) stimulates phosphorylation of the GR in CFTL-12 murine mast cells ^[1] . Escin (0.1-1 μg/mL, 24 h) protects cells from OGD/R and rt-PA stimulaed cell damage in bEnd.3 cells ^[2] . Escin (0-100 μg/mL, 12-48 h) induces cell cycle arrest and apoptosis, and inhibits tumor cell proliferation in HCT116 and HCT8 cells ^[5] . Escin (0-80 μg/mL, 12-24 h) induces DNA damage, and upregulates p-ATM and γH2AX in HCT116 and HCT8 cells ^[5] .			

	Escin (0-50 μM, 24 h) decreases mitochondrial membrane potential and induces cytochrome C release via generation of ROS, and induces apoptosis of bladder cancer cells (T24 and J82 cells) ^[6] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only. Western Blot Analysis ^[2]				
	Cell Line:	OGD/R and rt-PA stimulated bEnd.3 cells			
	Concentration:	0.1, 0.5 and 1 μg/mL			
	Incubation Time:	24 h			
	Result:	Upregulated the expression of ZO-1 and Occludin.			
In Vivo	Escin (1-5 mg/kg, p.o.) inhibits the allergic skin response in Porcine induced by Compound 48/80 (HY-115768) ^[1] . Escin (0.5 and 1 mg/kg, i.v.) attenuates recombinant tissue plasminogen activator (rt-PA) induced hemorrhagic transformation (HT) in mice ^[2] . Escin (10 mg/kg, p.o., 4 days) shows antioxidant, anti-inflammatory, antinecrotic, and anti-apoptotic effects against Con A- induced immune-mediated hepatitis in mice ^[3] . Escin (5-20 mg/kg, p.o., once a day, after 6 weeks of diabetes induction, for next 4 weeks) alleviates peripheral neuropathy in Streptozotocin (HY-13753) induced diabetes in rats ^[4] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.				
	Animal Model:	Con A-induced immune-mediated hepatitis mice ^[3]			
	Dosage:	10 mg/kg			
	Administration:	p.o., 4 days			
	Result:	Decreased the peak activities of ALT (p < 0.01), AST (p < 0.001), and LDH. Ameliorated hepatic pathological abnormalities. Limited Con A-induced elevation in Ly6G-positive cell in liver.			

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

• SSRN. 21 Nov 2022.

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REFERENCES

[1]. Sun X, et al. Escin avoids hemorrhagic transformation in ischemic stroke by protecting BBB through the AMPK/Cav-1/MMP-9 pathway. Phytomedicine. 2023 Nov;120:155071.

[2]. Elshal M, Hazem SH. Escin suppresses immune cell infiltration and selectively modulates Nrf2/HO-1, TNF-α/JNK, and IL-22/STAT3 signaling pathways in concanavalin A-induced autoimmune hepatitis in mice. Inflammopharmacology. 2022 Dec;30(6):2317-2329.

[3]. Suryavanshi SV, Kulkarni YA. Escin alleviates peripheral neuropathy in streptozotocin induced diabetes in rats. Life Sci. 2020 Aug 1;254:117777.

[4]. Wang Z, et al. Escin-induced DNA damage promotes escin-induced apoptosis in human colorectal cancer cells via p62 regulation of the ATM/γH2AX pathway. Acta Pharmacol Sin. 2018 Oct;39(10):1645-1660.

[5]. Cheng CL, et al. Escin induces apoptosis in human bladder cancer cells: An in vitro and in vivo study. Eur J Pharmacol. 2018 Dec 5;840:79-88.

[6]. Sipos W, et al. Escin inhibits type I allergic dermatitis in a novel porcine model. Int Arch Allergy Immunol. 2013;161(1):44-52.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

 Tel: 609-228-6898
 Fax: 609-228-5909
 E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

 Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA