Elacridar hydrochloride

Cat. No.:	HY-50880	
CAS No.:	143851-98-3	
Molecular Formula:	C ₃₄ H ₃₄ ClN ₃ O ₅	o I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
Molecular Weight:	600.1	NH O
Target:	P-glycoprotein; BCRP	° C
Pathway:	Membrane Transporter/Ion Channel	H-CI _O
Storage:	4°C, sealed storage, away from moisture	
	* In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture)	

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

	Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
		1 mM	1.6664 mL	8.3319 mL	16.6639 mL
		5 mM	0.3333 mL	1.6664 mL	3.3328 mL
		10 mM	0.1666 mL	0.8332 mL	1.6664 mL
F	Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.				

BIOLOGICAL ACTIV	ИТҮ	
Description	Elacridar hydrochloride (GF120918A) is an orally active P-glycoprotein (P-gp) and breast cancer resistance protein (BCRP) inhibitor. Elacridar hydrochloride can be used to examine the influence of efflux transporters on agent distribution to brain and it can be used for the research of cancer ^{[1][2]} .	
In Vitro	Elacridar hydrochloride (0.001-1 μM; 2 h) inhibits cell viability of 786-O cells ^[2] . Elacridar hydrochloride (5 μM; 24 h) affects P-glycoprotein and ABCG2 protein expression levels in MCF-7 and 786-O cell lines ^[2] . Elacridar hydrochloride (5 μM; 24 h) affects ^{99m} Tc-MIBI intracellular accumulation in MCF-7 and 786-O cells ^[2] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only. Cell Viability Assay ^[2] Cell Line: 786-O cells	

Product Data Sheet

	2.5 and 5 μM			
Incubation Time:	2 hours			
Result:	Dose-dependently inhibited cell viability of 786-O cells and showed better inhibitory effect with sunitnib adding.			
Western Blot Analysis ^[2]				
Cell Line:	MCF-7, Caki-1, and 786-O cell li	nes		
Concentration:	5 μΜ			
Incubation Time:	24 hours			
Result:	Dreased P-glycoprotein protein expression level in 786-O cells and increased ABCG2 protein expression level in Caki-1 cells.			
Cell Viability Assay ^[2]				
Cell Line:	MCF-7 and 786-O cell lines			
Concentration:	5 μΜ			
Incubation Time:	24 hours			
Result:	Dose-dependently increased ^{99m} Tc-MIBI intracellular accumulation in MCF-7 and 786-O cells.			
	0 mg/kg; i.p. once) shows different	distribution in brain and place		
	arameters of Elacridar hydrochlorid		a ^[1] .	
			Mice IV 2.5 mg/kg	
	arameters of Elacridar hydrochlorid Mice	le in mice ^[1] . Mice	Mice	
Plasma Pharmacokinetic Pa	Mice PO 100 mg/kg	le in mice ^[1] . Mice IP 100 mg/kg	Mice IV 2.5 mg/kg	
Plasma Pharmacokinetic Pa CL/F (ml/min)	Arameters of Elacridar hydrochlorid Mice PO 100 mg/kg 2.05	le in mice ^[1] . Mice IP 100 mg/kg 33.2	Mice IV 2.5 mg/kg 0.46	
Plasma Pharmacokinetic Pa CL/F (ml/min) Vd/F (liter)	Arameters of Elacridar hydrochlorid Mice PO 100 mg/kg 2.05 3.5	le in mice ^[1] . Mice IP 100 mg/kg 33.2 12.3	Mice IV 2.5 mg/kg 0.46 0.17	

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Animal Model:	FVB wild-type mice ^[1]	
Dosage:	100 mg/kg	
Administration:	Intraperitoneal injection; 100 mg/kg once	
Result:	Showd a higher concertration in brain than plasma except at 4 h after administration.	

In Vivo

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Cell Metab. 2024 Jan 2:S1550-4131(23)00465-5.
- Sci Adv. 2023 Oct 20;9(42):eabp9530.
- Clin Cancer Res. 2018 Jan 15;24(2):383-394.
- Mol Psychiatry. 2023 Oct 16.
- Cell Death Dis. 2021 Jul 27;12(8):742.

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REFERENCES

[1]. Sane R, et al. Brain distribution and bioavailability of elacridar after different routes of administration in the mouse. Drug Metab Dispos. 2012 Aug;40(8):1612-9.

[2]. Sato H, et al. Elacridar enhances the cytotoxic effects of sunitinib and prevents multidrug resistance in renal carcinoma cells. Eur J Pharmacol. 2015 Jan 5;746:258-66.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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