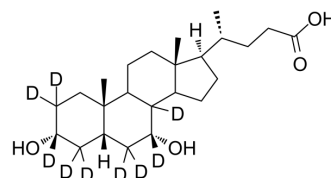


## Chenodeoxycholic Acid-d9

<b>Cat. No.:</b>	HY-76847S1
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>24</sub> H <sub>31</sub> D <sub>9</sub> O <sub>4</sub>
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	401.63
<b>Target:</b>	FXR; Endogenous Metabolite; Autophagy
<b>Pathway:</b>	Metabolic Enzyme/Protease; Autophagy
<b>Storage:</b>	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.



### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

<b>Description</b>	Chenodeoxycholic Acid-d9 (CDCA-d9) is the deuterium labeled Chenodeoxycholic Acid. Chenodeoxycholic Acid is a hydrophobic primary bile acid that activates nuclear receptors (FXR) involved in cholesterol metabolism.
<b>In Vitro</b>	Stable heavy isotopes of hydrogen, carbon, and other elements have been incorporated into drug molecules, largely as tracers for quantitation during the drug development process. Deuteration has gained attention because of its potential to affect the pharmacokinetic and metabolic profiles of drugs <sup>[1]</sup> . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

### REFERENCES

- [1]. Russak EM, et al. Impact of Deuterium Substitution on the Pharmacokinetics of Pharmaceuticals. *Ann Pharmacother*. 2019;53(2):211-216.
- [2]. Casaburi I, et al. Chenodeoxycholic acid through a TGR5-dependent CREB signaling activation enhances cyclin D1 expression and promotes human endometrial cancer cell proliferation. *Cell Cycle*. 2012 Jul 15;11(14):2699-710
- [3]. Stauffer AT, et al. Chenodeoxycholic acid and deoxycholic acid inhibit 11 beta-hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase type 2 and cause cortisol-induced transcriptional activation of the mineralocorticoid receptor. *J Biol Chem*. 2002 Jul 19;277(29):26286-92
- [4]. Kawabe Y, et al. The molecular mechanism of the induction of the low density lipoprotein receptor by chenodeoxycholic acid in cultured human cells. *Biochem Biophys Res Commun*. 1995 Mar 8;208(1):405-11.
- [5]. Ao M, et al. Chenodeoxycholic acid stimulates Cl(-) secretion via cAMP signaling and increases cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator phosphorylation in T84 cells. *Am J Physiol Cell Physiol*. 2013 Aug 15;305(4):C447-56
- [6]. Noh K, et al. Farnesoid X receptor activation by chenodeoxycholic acid induces detoxifying enzymes through AMP-activated protein kinase and extracellular signal-regulated kinase 1/2-mediated phosphorylation of CCAAT/enhancer binding protein β. *Drug Metab*

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**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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