Betazole dihydrochloride

MedChemExpress

Cat. No.:	HY-B1557A	
CAS No.:	138-92-1	HN-N
Molecular Formula:	$C_5H_{11}CI_2N_3$	
Molecular Weight:	184.07	
Target:	Histamine Receptor	\checkmark \land \land NH_2
Pathway:	GPCR/G Protein; Immunology/Inflammation; Neuronal Signaling	H-CI H-CI
Storage:	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.	

Description	Betazole (Ametazole) dihydrochloride, a pyrazole analogue of histamine, is an orally active H2 receptor agonist. Betazole dihydrochloride induces gastric acid secretion, and causes an immediate and significant increase in common bile duct pressure. Betazole dihydrochloride has been used as a diagnostic agent known as histalog, for investigating gastric acid secretory capacity ^{[1][2][3]} .
IC ₅₀ & Target	H ₂ Receptor
In Vitro	Betazole (Ametazole) dihydrochloride is a weak histamine agonist with relative selectivity towards H2 receptors and only minimal H1 activity. Betazole dihydrochloride induces gastric inhibitory polypeptide (GIP) secretion ^[1] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

• Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 2023 Feb 28;120(9):e2207003120.

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REFERENCES

[1]. Maples MD, Effects of betazole hydrochloride and cimetidine on common bile pressure and duodenal myoelectric activity in the dog. Am Surg. 1981;47(12):519-521.

[2]. Spitz IM, Betazole-induced GIP secretion is not mediated by gastric HCl. Metabolism. 1982;31(4):380-382.

[3]. CLAYMAN CB, A simple oral gastric secretory stimulant (betazole hydrochloride). JAMA. 1961;175:908-909.

Inhibitors • Screening Libraries • Proteins

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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