## Benzthiazide

Cat. No.:	HY-B1424		
CAS No.:	91-33-8		
Molecular Formula:	$C_{15}H_{14}CIN_3O_4S_3$		
Molecular Weight:	431.94		
Target:	Carbonic Anhydrase		
Pathway:	Metabolic Enzyme/Protease		
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	2 years
		-20°C	1 year

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### SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	DMSO : 50 mg/mL (115.76 mM; Need ultrasonic)					
	Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg	
		1 mM	2.3151 mL	11.5757 mL	23.1514 mL	
		5 mM	0.4630 mL	2.3151 mL	4.6303 mL	
		10 mM	0.2315 mL	1.1576 mL	2.3151 mL	
	Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.					
In Vivo	<ol> <li>Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO &gt;&gt; 40% PEG300 &gt;&gt; 5% Tween-80 &gt;&gt; 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (4.82 mM); Clear solution</li> <li>Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO &gt;&gt; 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (4.82 mM); Clear solution</li> </ol>					

Description	Benzthiazide is a long-acting diuretic <sup>[1]</sup> and a hypertension agent. Benzthiazide is an inhibitor of carbonic anhydrase 9 (CA9), with K <sub>i</sub> s of 8.0, 8.8 and 10 nM for CA9, CA2 and CA1, respectively. Benzthiazide also suppresses proliferation of cancer cells <sup>[2]</sup> .			
IC <sub>50</sub> & Target	Ki: 8.0 nM (CA9), 8.8 nM (CA2), 10 nM (CA1) <sup>[2]</sup>			
In Vitro	Benzthiazide (0.4, 2, 10?μM) suppresses proliferation of cancer cell under hypoxic conditions in a dose-dependent manner Benzthiazide is an inhibitor of carbonic anhydrase 9 (CA9), with K <sub>i</sub> s of 8.0, 8.8 and 10 nM for CA9, CA2 and CA1, respectively <sup>[2]</sup> MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.			

# Product Data Sheet

0 0

H<sub>2</sub>N 0

In	Vivo

Benzthiazide (1, 1.5 mg/100 g BW) causes a marked decrease in urinary calcium excretion and the dissociation of calcium and sodium excretion in hyperprolactinemic rats<sup>[1]</sup>.

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### **CUSTOMER VALIDATION**

• J Pharmaceut Biomed. 2020, 113870.

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#### REFERENCES

[1]. Adler RA, et al. Hypercalciuria in hyperprolactinemic rats: effects of benzthiazide. Metabolism. 1986 Jul;35(7):668-72.

[2]. Lee HS, et al. Rational drug repositioning guided by an integrated pharmacological network of protein, disease and drug. BMC Syst Biol. 2012 Jul 2;6:80.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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