AT7519

Cat. No.:	HY-50940		
CAS No.:	844442-38-2	2	
Molecular Formula:	C ₁₆ H ₁₇ Cl ₂ N	₅ 0 ₂	
Molecular Weight:	382.24		
Target:	CDK; Apoptosis		
Pathway:	Cell Cycle/DNA Damage; Apoptosis		
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	1 year
		-20°C	6 months

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SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	0	DMSO : ≥ 50 mg/mL (130.81 mM) * "≥" means soluble, but saturation unknown.				
Preparing Stock Solutions		Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg	
	1 mM	2.6161 mL	13.0806 mL	26.1613 mL		
	5 mM	0.5232 mL	2.6161 mL	5.2323 mL		
	10 mM	0.2616 mL	1.3081 mL	2.6161 mL		
	Please refer to the so	lubility information to select the app	propriate solvent.			
In Vivo		one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PE g/mL (6.54 mM); Clear solution	G300 >> 5% Tween-8	0 >> 45% saline		
		2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (6.54 mM); Clear solution				
		one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% cor g/mL (6.54 mM); Clear solution	n oil			

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY				
DIOLOGICALACTIV				
Description	AT7519 (AT7519M) as a potent CDK6, and CDK9, respectively	t inhibitor of CDKs, with IC ₅₀ s of 2	210, 47, 100, 13, 170, and <10 nM f	or CDK1, CDK2, CDK4 to
IC₅₀ & Target	CDK9/Cyclin T 10 nM (IC ₅₀)	CDK5/p35 13 nM (IC ₅₀)	cdk2/cyclin A 47 nM (IC ₅₀)	Cdk4/cyclin D1 100 nM (IC ₅₀)
с	cdk6/cyclin D3	Cdk1/cyclin B	CDK7/Cyclin H/MAT1	GSK3β

Product Data Sheet

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	170 nM (IC ₅₀)	210 nM (IC ₅₀)	2400 nM (IC ₅₀)	89 nM (IC ₅₀)
In Vitro	cytotoxicity is associated with advantage conferred by cytol time-dependent manner. Mo RNA synthesis in MM.1S cells [[] induces apoptosis of human inhibits transcription in human protein levels ^[3] .	n GSK-3β activation independen kines and the protective effect o reover, AT7519 (0.5 μM) inhibits ^{1]} . AT7519 (250 nM) inhibits cell tumor cell lines ^[2] . AT7519 (100- an tumor cell lines. Furthermore	IC ₅₀ s ranging from 0.5 to 2 μM in M at of transcriptional inhibition. AT7 f BMSC. AT7519 (0.5 μM) induces a phosphorylation of RNA polymera: cycle progression in human tumor 700 nM) induces apoptosis in leuke e, AT7519 inhibits RNA polymerase methods. They are for reference or	519 overcomes proliferative poptosis of MM cells in a se II CTD and partially inhibits r cell lines. AT7519 also emia cell lines. AT7519 also II and reduces antiapoptotic
In Vivo	growth of early-stage HCT116 bearing BALB/c nude mice ^[2] .	6 tumor xenografts. AT7519 (10 r	se model ^[1] . AT7519 (4.6 and 9.1 m ng/kg, i.p.) also inhibits the target methods. They are for reference or	CDKs in HCT116 tumor-

PROTOCOL	
Cell Assay ^[1]	AT7519's effects on viability of MM cell lines, primary MM cells, and PBMNCs is assessed by measuring 3-(4,5- dimethylthiazol-2-yl)-2,5 diphenyl tetrasodium bromide (MTT) dye absorbance. DNA synthesis is measured by tritiated thymidine uptake (3H-TdR). MM cells (2-3 × 10 ⁴ cells/well) are incubated in 96-well culture plates with media and different concentrations of AT7519 and/or recombinant IL-6 (10 ng/mL) or IGF-1 (50 ng/mL) for 24 or 48 h at 37°C and 3H-TdR incorporation is measured. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.
Animal Administration ^[1]	To evaluate the in vivo anti-MM activity of AT7519, male SCID mice are inoculated subcutaneously with 5×10 ⁶ MM.1S cells in 100 µL serum-free RPMI 1640 medium. When tumors are measurable, mice are treated intraperitoneally (IP) with vehicle or AT7519 dissolved in saline 0.9%. The first group of 10 mice is treated with 15 mg/kg once a day for five days for 2 weeks, and the second group is treated with 15 mg/kg once a day three times a week for four consecutive weeks. The control group receives the carrier alone at the same schedule. Tumor size is measured every alternate day in 2 dimensions using calipers, and tumor volume is calculated with the formula: V= 0.5 a × b ² (a= long diameter of the tumor, b= short diameter of the tumor). Animals are sacrificed when the tumor reaches 2 cm ³ or when the tumor is ulcerated. Survival and tumor growth are evaluated from the first day of treatment until death. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Sci Transl Med. 2018 Jul 18;10(450):eaaq1093.
- Adv Sci (Weinh). 2024 Jan 6:e2305260.
- Cell Chem Biol. 2018 Feb 15;25(2):135-142.e5.
- Oncogene. 2023 Oct 16.
- Sci Rep. 2021 Mar 8;11(1):5374.

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REFERENCES

[1]. Santo L, et al. AT7519, A novel small molecule multi-cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor, induces apoptosis in multiple myeloma via GSK-3beta activation and RNA polymerase II inhibition. Oncogene. 2010 Apr 22;29(16):2325-36.

[2]. Squires MS, et al. Biological characterization of AT7519, a small-molecule inhibitor of cyclin-dependent kinases, in human tumor cell lines. Biological characterization of AT7519, a small-molecule inhibitor of cyclin-dependent kinases, in human tumor cell lines.

[3]. Squires MS, et al. AT7519, a cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor, exerts its effects by transcriptional inhibition in leukemia cell lines and patient samples. Mol Cancer Ther. 2010 Apr;9(4):920-8.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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