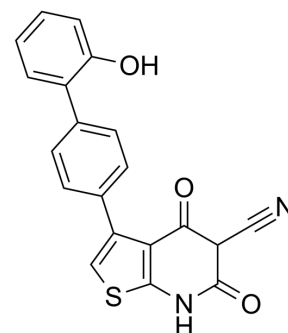


A-769662

Cat. No.:	HY-50662		
CAS No.:	844499-71-4		
Molecular Formula:	C ₂₀ H ₁₂ N ₂ O ₃ S		
Molecular Weight:	360.39		
Target:	AMPK		
Pathway:	Epigenetics; PI3K/Akt/mTOR		
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	2 years
		-20°C	1 year



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO : 50 mg/mL (138.74 mM; ultrasonic and warming and heat to 80°C)

Concentration	Solvent	Mass		
		1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM	2.7748 mL	13.8739 mL	27.7477 mL
	5 mM	0.5550 mL	2.7748 mL	5.5495 mL
	10 mM	0.2775 mL	1.3874 mL	2.7748 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline
Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (6.94 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline)
Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (6.94 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil
Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (6.94 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description

A-769662 is a potent, reversible AMPK activator with EC₅₀ of 0.8 μM.

IC₅₀ & Target

AMPK
0.8 μM (EC₅₀)

In Vitro

A-769662 is equally potent in activating the baculovirus expressed α1,β1,γ1 recombinant isoform of AMPK (EC₅₀=0.7 μM). A-769662 and A-592107 activate AMPK purified from multiple tissues and species in a dose-responsive manner with modest

variations in observed EC₅₀s. EC₅₀s determined for A-769662 using partially purified AMPK extracts from rat heart, rat muscle, or human embryonic kidney cells (HEKs) are 2.2 μM, 1.9 μM, or 1.1 μM, respectively^[1]. A-769662 activates endogenous AMPK in LKB1-expressing (HEK293) and LKB1-deficient (CCL13) cells. A-769662 allosterically activates AMPK complexes containing γ1 harboring a substitution of arginine residue 298 to glycine (R298G). A-769662 inhibits dephosphorylation of Thr-172 in the mutant γ1-containing complexes to a similar degree as seen in the wild-type complexes^[2]. A-769662 (300 μM) has toxic effects on MEF cells. A-769662 reversibly inhibits the proteasomal activity^[3]. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

In Vivo

A-769662 (30 mg/kg, i.p.) significantly reduced the respiratory exchange ratio (RER) in the SD rat. There are 33% and 58% reductions of malonyl CoA levels in livers of animals treated with 30 mg/kg A-769662 (0.905 nmol/g) or 500 mg/kg metformin (0.574 nmol/g), respectively. A-769662 (30 mg/kg, b.i.d.) significantly decreases fed plasma glucose (30%-40% reduction), while the lower doses (3 and 10 mg/kg) of A-769662 had no effect on the in diabetic ob/ob mice^[1]. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

PROTOCOL

Kinase Assay ^[1]

To assay glycogen phosphorylase b (GPb) activity, 1.5 μg/mL of rabbit GPb is added to a reaction mix containing 20 mM Na₂HPO₄ (pH 7.2), 2 mM MgSO₄, 1 mM β-NADP (β-nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide phosphate), 1.4 U/mL G-6-PDH (Glucose-6-Phosphate-Dehydrogenase) and 3 U/mL PGM (phosphoglucomutase). AMP or test compounds are added to the assay medium at the specified concentrations followed by the addition of glycogen (final concentration 1 mg/mL) to initiate the reaction. After incubating 10 min at 25°C, GPb activity is assessed by measuring absorbance at 340 nm. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Administration ^[1]

After acclimation ob/ob and lean mice are randomized to the various treatment groups by body weight and fed glucose levels (tail snip) at 8 AM. Baseline plasma insulin samples are also taken from a subset of the animals representing each treatment group (n=10 ob/ob and n=10 lean ob/+ littermates). Two separate ob/ob and lean littermate studies are completed: 1) an initial 5 day study, and 2) a 14 day study to examine efficacy and more completely characterize the body weight change observed in the 5 day study. Treatment groups for the 5 day study are as follows: ob/ob vehicle (0.2% hydroxypropyl methylcellulose [HPMC], i.p., b.i.d.), A-592107 (10 or 100 mg/kg, i.p., b.i.d.), A-769662 (3 or 30 mg/kg, i.p., b.i.d.), AICAR (375 mg/kg, s.c., b.i.d.), or metformin (450 mg/kg, p.o., q.d., with vehicle in PM), and lean littermates treated with vehicle (i.p., b.i.d.). Treatment groups for the 14 day ob/ob and lean littermate study are as follows: ob/ob vehicle (0.2% HPMC, i.p., b.i.d.), A-769662 (3, 10, or 30 mg/kg, i.p., b.i.d.), or metformin, and lean littermates treated with vehicle or 30 mg/kg of A-769662 (i.p., b.i.d.). MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Nat Nanotechnol. 2021 Jul;16(7):830-839.
- Cell Metab. 2019 Jul 2;30(1):157-173.e7
- Nat Commun. 2023 Dec 14;14(1):8316.
- Nat Commun. 2019 Feb 6;10(1):620.
- Mol Cell. 2017 Oct 19;68(2):336-349.e6.

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[1]. Cool B, et al. Identification and characterization of a small molecule AMPK activator that treats key components of type 2 diabetes and the metabolic syndrome. *Cell Metab*, 2006, 3(6), 403-416.

[2]. Sanders MJ, et al. Defining the mechanism of activation of AMP-activated protein kinase by the small molecule A-769662, a member of the thienopyridone family. *J Biol Chem*, 2007, 282(45), 32539-32548.

[3]. Moreno D, et al, A769662, a novel activator of AMP-activated protein kinase, inhibits non-proteolytic components of the 26S proteasome by an AMPK-independent mechanism. *FEBS Lett*, 2008, 583(17), 2650-2654.

[4]. Yerra VG, et al. Adenosine Monophosphate-Activated Protein Kinase Abates Hyperglycaemia-Induced Neuronal Injury in Experimental Models of Diabetic Neuropathy: Effects on Mitochondrial Biogenesis, Autophagy and Neuroinflammation. *Mol Neurobiol*. 2017 Apr;54

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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