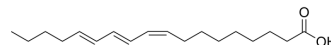


## $\alpha$ -Eleostearic acid

Cat. No.:	HY-27787
CAS No.:	506-23-0
Molecular Formula:	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>30</sub> O <sub>2</sub>
Molecular Weight:	278.43
Target:	Apoptosis; Ferroptosis
Pathway:	Apoptosis
Storage:	-80°C



### SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

#### In Vitro

DMSO : 30 mg/mL (107.75 mM; Need ultrasonic and warming)

Concentration	Mass			
	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg	
1 mM	3.5916 mL	17.9578 mL	35.9157 mL	
5 mM	0.7183 mL	3.5916 mL	7.1831 mL	
10 mM	0.3592 mL	1.7958 mL	3.5916 mL	

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

#### Description

$\alpha$ -Eleostearic acid (cis-Eleostearic acid), a conjugated linolenic acid, is an apoptosis inducer.  $\alpha$ -Eleostearic acid is also a ferroptosis inducer.  $\alpha$ -Eleostearic acid exhibits antioxidant and antitumor activity<sup>[1][2][3]</sup>.

#### In Vitro

$\alpha$ -Eleostearic acid (0-40  $\mu$ M; 24 h) inhibits the growth of some cancer and fibroblast cell lines, including those of HL60 leukemia and HT29 colon carcinoma<sup>[1]</sup>.  
 $\alpha$ -Eleostearic acid (20  $\mu$ M; 6 h) induced cellular and nuclear fragmentation, and nucleosomal DNA fragmentation typical of apoptosis in HL60 leukemia cells<sup>[1]</sup>.  
 $\alpha$ -Eleostearic acid (0.01-100  $\mu$ M; 72 h) triggers death of MDA-MB-231 cells and this death was suppressed by Fer-1, Deferoxamine, and vitamin E<sup>[3]</sup>.  
 MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

#### In Vivo

$\alpha$ -Eleostearic acid (0.5% of total lipid given; p.o.) inhibits Sodium Arsenite-induced oxidative stress, including reversal of antioxidant enzyme activity and reduction of lipid peroxidation levels<sup>[2]</sup>.  
 Oral administration of tung oil, naturally rich in  $\alpha$ -Eleostearic acid, to mice limits tumor growth and metastasis in an aggressive TNBC orthotopic xenograft model<sup>[3]</sup>.  
 MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

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## REFERENCES

- [1]. Kobori M, et, al. Alpha-eleostearic acid and its dihydroxy derivative are major apoptosis-inducing components of bitter gourd. J Agric Food Chem. 2008 Nov 26;56(22):10515-20.
- [2]. Saha SS, et, al. Comparative study of antioxidant activity of alpha-eleostearic acid and punicic acid against oxidative stress generated by sodium arsenite. Food Chem Toxicol. 2009 Oct;47(10):2551-6.
- [3]. Beatty A, et, al. Ferroptotic cell death triggered by conjugated linolenic acids is mediated by ACSL1. Nat Commun. 2021 Apr 14;12(1):2244.
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**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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