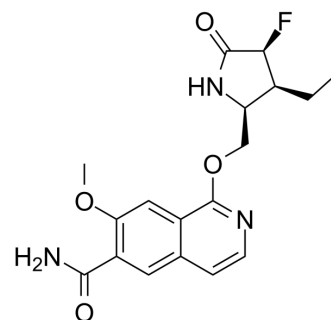


## Zimlovisertib

<b>Cat. No.:</b>	HY-19836		
<b>CAS No.:</b>	1817626-54-2		
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>20</sub> FN <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>		
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	361.37		
<b>Target:</b>	IRAK		
<b>Pathway:</b>	Immunology/Inflammation		
<b>Storage:</b>	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	1 year
		-20°C	6 months



### SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

#### In Vitro

DMSO : 62.5 mg/mL (172.95 mM; ultrasonic and warming and heat to 60°C)

Concentration	Solvent	Mass	1 mg			5 mg			10 mg		
			Concentration			Concentration			Concentration		
1 mM			2.7672 mL			13.8362 mL			27.6725 mL		
5 mM			0.5534 mL			2.7672 mL			5.5345 mL		
10 mM			0.2767 mL			1.3836 mL			2.7672 mL		

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

#### In Vivo

- Add each solvent one by one: 0.5% CMC-Na/saline water  
Solubility: 12.5 mg/mL (34.59 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline  
Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (5.76 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline)  
Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (5.76 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil  
Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (5.76 mM); Clear solution

### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

#### Description

Zimlovisertib (PF-06650833) is a potent, selective and orally active inhibitor of interleukin-1 receptor associated kinase 4 (IRAK4) with IC<sub>50</sub>s of 0.2 and 2.4 nM in the cell and PBMC assay, respectively. Zimlovisertib is used to treat diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, lupus, and lymphomas<sup>[1][2]</sup>.

#### IC<sub>50</sub> & Target

IRAK4

	0.2 nM (IC <sub>50</sub> )								
<b>In Vitro</b>	<p>The kinome selectivity profile of Zimlovisertib (Compound 40) is assessed in a panel of 278 kinases (Invitrogen) at 200 nM inhibitor concentration using the ATP K<sub>m</sub> for each kinase. Approximately 100% inhibition is observed for IRAK4<sup>[1]</sup>. Lactam Zimlovisertib is assessed in a whole cell functional VEGF2R assay (PAE-KDR cell line). No activity is observed at concentrations up to and including 30 μM. In a voltage clamp assay, Zimlovisertib inhibits hERG current by 25% at 100 μM<sup>[1]</sup>. The ability of Zimlovisertib to inhibit five major CYP450 enzymes is assessed using pooled human liver microsomes and probe substrates for the CYP450 enzymes. At a concentration of 3 μM of Zimlovisertib, less than 5% inhibition of CYPs 1A2, 2C8, 2C9, 2D6, and 3A4 is observed. Lactam Zimlovisertib is examined for time dependent inhibition effects on six major CYP450 enzymes (CYP1A2, 2B6, 2C8, 2C9, 2C19, and 2D6) using pooled human liver microsomes and probe substrates. At 100 μM of Zimlovisertib, no time dependent CYP inhibition is observed. The potential induction of CYP3A by Zimlovisertib is assessed using cryopreserved human hepatocytes and afforded a 4.4-fold increase in mRNA at 10 μM<sup>[1]</sup>. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p>								
<b>In Vivo</b>	<p>Zimlovisertib (0.3-30 mg/kg; oral administration; for 2.5 hours; male Sprague-Dawley rats) treatment significantly inhibits LPS-induced TNF-α in a dose dependent manner. Mean exposures of Zimlovisertib in plasma are 2.1 nM, 7.7 nM, 19 nM and 150 nM free, respectively, at 2.5 hours after oral administration of Zimlovisertib at 0.3, 1, 3, and 30 mg/kg. The fraction unbound in rat plasma of Zimlovisertib is 0.3<sup>[1]</sup>. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Animal Model:</td> <td>Male Sprague-Dawley rats<sup>[1]</sup></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dosage:</td> <td>0.1 mg/kg, 1 mg/kg, 3 mg/kg, 30 mg/kg</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Administration:</td> <td>Oral administration; for 2.5 hours</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Significantly inhibited LPS-induced TNF-α in a dose dependent manner.</td> </tr> </table>	Animal Model:	Male Sprague-Dawley rats <sup>[1]</sup>	Dosage:	0.1 mg/kg, 1 mg/kg, 3 mg/kg, 30 mg/kg	Administration:	Oral administration; for 2.5 hours	Result:	Significantly inhibited LPS-induced TNF-α in a dose dependent manner.
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Result:	Significantly inhibited LPS-induced TNF-α in a dose dependent manner.								

## CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Research Square Preprint. 2024 Feb 1.

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## REFERENCES

- [1]. Seganish WM. Inhibitors of interleukin-1 receptor-associated kinase 4 (IRAK4): a patent review (2012-2015). Expert Opin Ther Pat. 2016 Aug;26(8):917-32.
- [2]. Lee KL, et al. Discovery of Clinical Candidate 1-[[[(2S,3S,4S)-3-Ethyl-4-fluoro-5-oxopyrrolidin-2-yl]methoxy]-7-methoxyisoquinoline-6-carboxamide (PF-06650833), a Potent, Selective Inhibitor of Interleukin-1 Receptor Associated Kinase 4 (IRAK4), by Fragmen

**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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