

Product Data Sheet

Tradipitant

Cat. No.: HY-16732 CAS No.: 622370-35-8 Molecular Formula: $C_{28}H_{16}ClF_6N_5O$

Molecular Weight: 587.9

Target: Neurokinin Receptor

Pathway: GPCR/G Protein; Neuronal Signaling

Storage: Powder -20°C 3 years

4°C 2 years

In solvent -80°C 2 years

-20°C 1 year

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro DMSO: 100 mg/mL (170.10 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	1.7010 mL	8.5048 mL	17.0097 mL
	5 mM	0.3402 mL	1.7010 mL	3.4019 mL
	10 mM	0.1701 mL	0.8505 mL	1.7010 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (4.25 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	Tradipitant (VLY-686) is a neurokinin-1 (NK-1) antagonist.
IC ₅₀ & Target	NK-1 ^[1]
In Vitro	Results reveal that Tradipitant ([³ H]-LY686017) bind to sections of guinea pig brain with a distribution similar to that previously reported for NK-1 receptors. Areas with the highest density are the accessory olfactory nucleus, anteroventral thalamic nucleus, paraventricular hypothalamic nucleus central amygdaloid nucleus (lateral) and the medial amygdaloid nucleus (anterodorsal) ^[1] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.
In Vivo	Autoradiography experiments reveal that intravenously administered Tradipitant ($[^3H]$ -LY686017) localizes in the guinea pig brain and has a distribution similar to that described for the NK-1 receptor using agonist or antagonist radioligands $[^1]$.

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PROTOCOL

Cell Assay [1]

Brains from male, Hartley guinea pigs (350 to 400 g) are removed, rinsed for 5 to 15 min in cold PBS, patted dry with a paper towel and frozen on aluminum foil lined with parafilm placed on dry ice. Once frozen, the brains are stored at -80°C until they are sectioned using a cryostat set at a thickness of 12 µm. The tissue sections are thaw mounted onto chrome alum/gelatin coated slides and allowed to air dry for 5 to 20 min before being frozen again. To assessthe binding of Tradipitant ([³H]-LY686017) to sections, the slides are preincubated for 30 min in modified Kreb's phosphate buffer followed by an incubation in the same buffer containing 0.05% bacitracin, 0.4% BSA and various concentrations of Tradipitant. Rinse time, incubation time and saturation binding are determined using sections through the caudate nucleus^[1].

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Animal Administration [1]

Male, Hartley guinea pigs (550 to 650 g) are used. Guinea pigs are singly housed in cages for 2 to 4 days before being used in an experiment. On the day of the experiment, the catheters are flushed with heparinized 0.9% saline and, if the catheter is clear, the animal received 25 microCi of Tradipitant ([³H]-LY686017) in saline for time course and compound displacement studies (n=4 to 6/group) and 100 microCi for autoradiography studies (n=5). The catheter line is cleared of radioactivity by again flushing the line with 0.5 mL heparinized saline. The end of the catheter is subsequently plugged using the original steel wire plug. Based on data from initial time course experiments, the animals are sacrificed by rapid decapitation 2 h post-jugular injection for compound displacement and autoradiography studies^[1].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

REFERENCES

[1]. Gackenheimer SL, et al. In vitro and ex vivo autoradiography of the NK-1 antagonist [3H]-LY686017 in Guinea pig brain. Neuropeptides. 2011 Apr;45(2):157-64.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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