Sitravatinib

MedChemExpress

Cat. No.:	HY-16961				
CAS No.:	1123837-84-2				
Molecular Formula:	C ₃₃ H ₂₉ F ₂ N ₅ O ₄ S				
Molecular Weight:	630				
Target:	VEGFR; c-Kit; FLT3; Discoidin Domain Receptor; Trk Receptor				
Pathway:	Protein Tyrosine Kinase/RTK; Neuronal Signaling				
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years		
		4°C	2 years		
	In solvent	-80°C	1 year		
		-20°C	6 months		

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	DMSO : ≥ 32 mg/mL (50.79 mM) * "≥" means soluble, but saturation unknown.							
Preparing Stock Soluti	Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg			
		1 mM	1.5873 mL	7.9365 mL	15.8730 mL			
		5 mM	0.3175 mL	1.5873 mL	3.1746 mL			
		10 mM	0.1587 mL	0.7937 mL	1.5873 mL			
	Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.							
In Vivo	1. Add each solvent one by one: 5% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 50% saline Solubility: 2.75 mg/mL (4.37 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic							
	2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: 2.5 mg/mL (3.97 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic							
	3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: 2.5 mg/mL (3.97 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic							
	4. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (3.97 mM); Clear solution							

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description

Sitravatinib (MGCD516) is an orally bioavailable receptor tyrosine kinase (RTK) inhibitor with IC₅₀s of 1.5 nM, 2 nM, 2 nM, 5 nM, 6 nM, 6 nM, 8 nM, 0.5 nM, 29 nM, 5 nM, and 9 nM for Axl, MER, VEGFR3, VEGFR2, VEGFR1, KIT, FLT3, DDR2, DDR1, TRKA, TRKB, respectively^[1]. Sitravatinib shows potent single-agent antitumor efficacy and enhances the activity of PD-1 blockade through promoting an antitumor immune microenvironment^[2].

Product Data Sheet

IC ₅₀ & Target	Axl 1.5 nM (IC ₅₀)	MER 2 nM (IC ₅₀)	VEGFR3 2 nM (IC ₅₀)	VEGFR2 5 nM (IC ₅₀)			
	VEGFR1 6 nM (IC ₅₀)	TrkA 5 nM (IC ₅₀)	TrkB 9 nM (IC ₅₀)	KIT 6 nM (IC ₅₀)			
	FLT3 8 nM (IC ₅₀)	DDR2 0.5 nM (IC ₅₀)	DDR1 29 nM (IC ₅₀)				
In Vitro	Sitravatinib (0.01 nM-10 μM; 14 days) reduces colony formation in a dose-dependent manner in KLN205 and E0771 cell lines ^[2] . Sitravatinib (0.001-10 μM; 5 days) inhibits tumor cell viability with IC ₅₀ s of approximately 1 μM in KLN205, E0771 and CT1B- A5 cell lines ^[2] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only. Cell Viability Assay ^[2]						
	Cell Line:	KLN205, E0771, CT1B-A5 cells					
	Concentration:	0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10 μΜ					
	Incubation Time:	5 days					
	Result:	Inhibited KLN205, E0771, CT1B-A5 cells with IC $_{50}\text{s}$ of approximately 1 $\mu\text{M}.$					
In Vivo	Sitravatinib (20 mg/kg; p.o.; once per day for 6 days) significantly inhibits tumor progression and induces tumor regression in C57BL/6 mice bearing CT1B-A5 cells model ^[2] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.						
	Animal Model:	6-week-old C57BL/6 mice (bearing CT1B-A5 cells) ^[2]					
	Dosage:	20 mg/kg					
	Administration:	Oral administration; once per day for 6 days					
	Result:	Significantly inhibited tumor progression and induced tumor regression.					

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

• SSRN. 2023 Jun 19.

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REFERENCES

[1]. Patwardhan PP et al. Significant blockade of multiple receptor tyrosine kinases by MGCD516 (Sitravatinib), a novel small molecule inhibitor, shows potent anti-tumor activity in preclinical models of sarcoma. Oncotarget, 2016 Jan 26;7(4):4093-109.

[2]. Du W, et al. Sitravatinib potentiates immune checkpoint blockade in refractory cancer models. JCI Insight. 2018 Nov 2;3(21). pii: 124184.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

 Tel: 609-228-6898
 Fax: 609-228-5909
 E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

 Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA