**Proteins** 

# **Product** Data Sheet

# NSC59984

Cat. No.: HY-19726 CAS No.: 803647-40-7 Molecular Formula:  $C_{12}H_{15}N_3O_4$ Molecular Weight: 265.27 Target: MDM-2/p53

Pathway: **Apoptosis** Storage:

Powder -20°C 3 years 2 years

In solvent -80°C 2 years

> -20°C 1 year

#### **SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY**

In Vitro

DMSO: ≥ 38 mg/mL (143.25 mM)

\* "≥" means soluble, but saturation unknown.

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	3.7697 mL	18.8487 mL	37.6974 mL
	5 mM	0.7539 mL	3.7697 mL	7.5395 mL
	10 mM	0.3770 mL	1.8849 mL	3.7697 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (9.42 mM); Clear solution
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (9.42 mM); Clear solution

### **BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY**

Description

NSC59984 induces mutant p53 protein degradation via MDM2 and the ubiquitin-proteasome pathway[1]. NSC59984 acts by targeting GOF-mutant p53 and stimulates p73 to restore the p53 pathway signaling<sup>[2]</sup>.

In Vitro

NSC59984 specifically restores p53 pathway signaling in mutant p53-expressing human colorectal cancer cells. NSC59984 induces cell death in tumor cells but not normal cells with little or no genotoxicity. NSC59984 induces mutant p53 protein degradation through MDM2-mediated ubiquitination in cancer cells. NSC59984 restores p53 pathway signaling through activation of p73. NSC59984 induces p73-dependent cell apoptosis in cancer. The EC50 of NSC59984 in most cancer cells is significantly lower than those of normal cells, with EC50 of 8.38 μM for p53-null HCT116 cells<sup>[1]</sup>.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

In Vivo

NSC59984 synergizes with CPT11 to induce cell death in mutant p53-expressing colorectal cancer cells and inhibits mutant p53-associated colon tumor xenograft growth in a p73-dependent manner [1].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

## **CUSTOMER VALIDATION**

• Cell Mol Life Sci. 2022 Jun 4;79(6):340.

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#### **REFERENCES**

[1]. Zhang S, et al. Small-Molecule NSC59984 Restores p53 Pathway Signaling and Antitumor Effects against Colorectal Cancer via p73 Activation and Degradation of Mutant p53. Cancer Res. 2015 Sep 15;75(18):3842-52.

[2]. Zhang S, et al. Small-Molecule NSC59984 Restores p53 Pathway Signaling and Antitumor Effects againstColorectal Cancer via p73 Activation and Degradation of Mutant p53. Cancer Res. 2015 Sep 15;75(18):3842-52.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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