Product Data Sheet

HA130

Cat. No.: HY-19329 CAS No.: 1229652-21-4 Molecular Formula: $C_{24}H_{19}BFNO_5S$

Molecular Weight: 463.29

Target: Phosphodiesterase (PDE) Pathway: Metabolic Enzyme/Protease Storage: Powder -20°C 3 years

 $4^{\circ}C$ 2 years

In solvent -80°C 2 years

> -20°C 1 year

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro DMSO : ≥ 39 mg/mL (84.18 mM)

* "≥" means soluble, but saturation unknown.

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	2.1585 mL	10.7924 mL	21.5848 mL
	5 mM	0.4317 mL	2.1585 mL	4.3170 mL
	10 mM	0.2158 mL	1.0792 mL	2.1585 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (5.40 mM); Clear solution
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (5.40 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	HA130 is a selective autotaxin (ATX) inhibitor with an IC ₅₀ of 28 nM.	
IC ₅₀ & Target	Autotaxin 28 nM (IC ₅₀)	
In Vitro	HA130 completely blocks the ability of ATX to promote TEM (transendothelial migration). HA130 at 0.3 μ M completely ablates the activity of ATX on TK1 uropod formation ^[1] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.	

In Vivo

HA130 slows T cell migration across lymph node HEVs. HA130 decreases the "outside HEVs/inside HEVs" ratio by 3-4-fold compared to vehicle-treated animals vehicle [1].

The s.c. administration of HA130 induces marked lymphocyte accumulation within the endothelial cell (EC) and sub-EC layers of HEVs in draining lymph nodes (LNs)^[2].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- EBioMedicine. 2020 Feb;52:102652.
- Basic Res Cardiol. 2024 Jan 18.
- J Crohns Colitis. 2022 Feb 1;jjac017.
- Cell Mol Life Sci. 2020 Jul 30.

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REFERENCES

[1]. Zhang Y, et al. Autotaxin through lysophosphatidic acid stimulates polarization, motility, and transendothelial migration of naive T cells. J Immunol. 2012 Oct 15;189(8):3914-3924.

[2]. Bai Z, et al. Constitutive lymphocyte transmigration across the basal lamina of high endothelial venules is regulated by theautotaxin/lysophosphatidic acid axis. J Immunol. 2013 Mar 1;190(5):2036-2048.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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