Fenebrutinib

Cat. No.:	HY-19834	
CAS No.:	1434048-34-6	
Molecular Formula:	C ₃₇ H ₄₄ N ₈ O ₄	<u>0</u> 7
Molecular Weight:	664.8	L
Target:	Btk	
Pathway:	Protein Tyrosine Kinase/RTK	
Storage:	4°C, stored under nitrogen	
	* In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (stored under nitrogen)	

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

		Mass				
	Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg	
		1 mM	1.5042 mL	7.5211 mL	15.0421 mL	
		5 mM	0.3008 mL	1.5042 mL	3.0084 mL	
		10 mM	0.1504 mL	0.7521 mL	1.5042 mL	
	Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.					
In Vivo	1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 1 mg/mL (1.50 mM); Clear solution					
	 Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 1 mg/mL (1.50 mM); Clear solution 					
	3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 1 mg/mL (1.50 mM); Clear solution					

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY				
Description	Fenebrutinib (GDC-0853) is a potent, selective, orally available, and noncovalent bruton's tyrosine kinase (Btk) inhibitor with K _i s of 0.91 nM, 1.6, 1.3, 12.6, and 3.4 nM for WT Btk, and the C481S, C481R, T474I, T474M mutants. Fenebrutinib has the potential for rheumatoid arthritis and systemic lupus erythematosus research ^[1] .			
IC ₅₀ & Target	Ki: 0.91 nM (Btk WT), 1.6 nM (Btk C481S), 1.3 nM (Btk C481R), 12.6 nM (Btk T474I), and 3.4 nM (Btk T474M) ^[1]			
In Vitro	Fenebrutinib (GDC-0853) inhibits CD69 expression on CD19 ⁺ B cells in human whole blood with an IC ₅₀ of 8.4±5.6 nM. Fenebrutinib inhibits CD63 expression on basophils with an IC ₅₀ of 30.7±4.1 nM ^[2] .			



		Fenebrutinib suppresses anti-IgM induced Btk Y223 autophosphorylation in human whole blood (IC ₅₀ =11 nM) ^[2] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.				
In Vivo	or twice (0.125, 0.5, and Fenebrutinib (0.2 mg/kg lives (t _{1/2} s) of 2.2 and 3.	Fenebrutinib (GDC-0853) dose-dependently reduces ankle thickness following once (0.06, 0.25, 1, 4, and 16 mg/kg QD; orally) or twice (0.125, 0.5, and 2 mg/kg BID; orally) daily in female Lewis rats with developing collagen-induced arthritis ^[2] . Fenebrutinib (0.2 mg/kg IV and 1.0 mg/kg PO; for rats) and (0.2 mg/kg IV and 0.5 mg/kg PO for dogs) demonstrates the half-lives (t _{1/2} s) of 2.2 and 3.8 h In rats, and dogs, respectively ^[2] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.				
	Animal Model:	Female Lewis rats with developing collagen-induced arthritis (CIA) ^[2]				
	Dosage:	0.06, 0.25, 1, 4, and 16 mg/kg once daily (QD); 0.125, 0.5, and 2 mg/kg twice daily (BID)				
	Administration:	Dosed orally; for 16 days				
	Result:	Dose-dependently reduced ankle thickness following QD and BID dosing regimens.				

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Leukemia. 2021 Feb 1.
- JCI Insight. 2019 Jun 20;4(12). pii: 127566.
- Int J Mol Sci. 2022, 23(1), 76.
- Molecules. 2023 May 22, 28(10), 4225.
- Separations. 2023 May 9, 10(5), 302.

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REFERENCES

[1]. Erickson RI, et al. Bruton's Tyrosine Kinase Small Molecule Inhibitors Induce a Distinct Pancreatic Toxicity in Rats. J Pharmacol Exp Ther. 2017 Jan; 360(1):226-238.

[2]. Crawford JJ, et al. Discovery of GDC-0853: A Potent, Selective, and Noncovalent Bruton's Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitor in Early Clinical Development. J Med Chem. 2018 Mar 22;61(6):2227-2245.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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