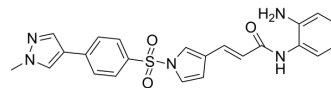


## Domatinostat

<b>Cat. No.:</b>	HY-16012A		
<b>CAS No.:</b>	910462-43-0		
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>21</sub> N <sub>5</sub> O <sub>3</sub> S		
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	447.51		
<b>Target:</b>	HDAC; Apoptosis		
<b>Pathway:</b>	Cell Cycle/DNA Damage; Epigenetics; Apoptosis		
<b>Storage:</b>	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	2 years
		-20°C	1 year



### SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

#### In Vitro

DMSO : ≥ 58 mg/mL (129.61 mM)  
 \* "≥" means soluble, but saturation unknown.

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent		Mass		
	Concentration		1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM		2.2346 mL	11.1729 mL	22.3459 mL
	5 mM		0.4469 mL	2.2346 mL	4.4692 mL
	10 mM		0.2235 mL	1.1173 mL	2.2346 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

#### In Vivo

- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline  
 Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (5.59 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline)  
 Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (5.59 mM); Clear solution

### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

#### Description

Domatinostat (4SC-202 free base) is a selective class I HDAC inhibitor with IC<sub>50</sub> of 1.20 μM, 1.12 μM, and 0.57 μM for HDAC1, HDAC2, and HDAC3, respectively. It also displays inhibitory activity against Lysine specific demethylase 1 (LSD1).

#### IC<sub>50</sub> & Target

HDAC-3 0.57 μM (IC <sub>50</sub> )	HDAC-2 1.12 μM (IC <sub>50</sub> )	HDAC-1 1.2 μM (IC <sub>50</sub> )	HDAC-11 9.7 μM (IC <sub>50</sub> )
HDAC-5 11.3 μM (IC <sub>50</sub> )	HDAC-10 21 μM (IC <sub>50</sub> )	HDAC-9 50 μM (IC <sub>50</sub> )	

<p><b>In Vitro</b></p>	<p>Domatinostat (4SC-202 free base) tosylate significantly reduces proliferation of all epithelial and mesenchymal UC cell lines (IC<sub>50</sub> 0.15-0.51 μM), inhibits clonogenic growth and induces caspase activity<sup>[1]</sup>. Domatinostat (4SC-202 free base) tosylate provokes apoptosis activation in CRC cells, while caspase inhibitors (z-VAD-CHO and z-DVED-CHO) significantly alleviate Domatinostat (4SC-202 free base) tosylate-exerted cytotoxicity in CRC cells. Meanwhile, Domatinostat (4SC-202 free base) tosylate induces dramatic G2-M arrest in CRC cells. Further studies show that AKT activation might be an important resistance factor of Domatinostat tosylate. Domatinostat (4SC-202 free base) tosylate-induced cytotoxicity is dramatically potentiated with serum starvation, AKT inhibition (by perifosine or MK-2206), or AKT1-shRNA knockdown in CRC cells. On the other hand, exogenous expression of constitutively active AKT1 (CA-AKT1) decreases the sensitivity by Domatinostat tosylate in HT-29 cells. Notably, Domatinostat (4SC-202 free base) tosylate, at a low concentration, enhances oxaliplatin-induced in vitro anti-CRC activity<sup>[2]</sup>. Domatinostat (4SC-202 free base) tosylate treatment induces potent cytotoxic and proliferation-inhibitory activities against established HCC cell lines (HepG2, HepB3, SMMC-7721) and patient-derived primary HCC cells. Domatinostat (4SC-202 free base) tosylate induces apoptosis signal-regulating kinase 1 (ASK1) activation, causing it translocation to mitochondria and physical association with Cyp-D<sup>[3]</sup>.</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p>
<p><b>In Vivo</b></p>	<p>Oral gavage of Domatinostat (4SC-202 free base) inhibits HT-29 xenograft growth in nude mice, and when combined with oxaliplatin, its activity is further strengthened<sup>[2]</sup>.</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p>

## CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 2019 Feb 19;116(8):2961-2966.
- J Mol Med (Berl). 2019 Aug;97(8):1183-1193.
- Am J Transl Res. 2020 Jun 15;12(6):2968-2983.

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## REFERENCES

- [1]. Pinkerneil M, et al. Evaluation of the Therapeutic Potential of the Novel Isotype Specific HDAC Inhibitor 4SC-202 in Urothelial Carcinoma Cell Lines. Target Oncol. 2016 Dec;11(6):783-798.
- [2]. Zhijun H, et al. Pre-clinical characterization of 4SC-202, a novel class I HDAC inhibitor, against colorectal cancer cells. Tumour Biol. 2016 Aug;37(8):10257-67.
- [3]. Fu M, et al. 4SC-202 activates ASK1-dependent mitochondrial apoptosis pathway to inhibit hepatocellular carcinoma cells. Biochem Biophys Res Commun. 2016 Mar 4;471(2):267-73
- [4]. S.W.Henning, et al. Preclinical characterization of 4SC-202, a noval isotype specific HDAC inhibitor.

**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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