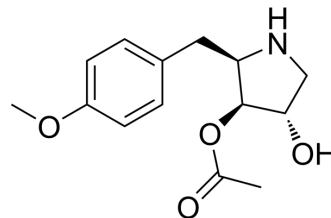


Anisomycin

Cat. No.:	HY-18982												
CAS No.:	22862-76-6												
Molecular Formula:	C ₁₄ H ₁₉ NO ₄												
Molecular Weight:	265.31												
Target:	DNA/RNA Synthesis; JNK; Apoptosis; Bacterial; Antibiotic; Parasite												
Pathway:	Cell Cycle/DNA Damage; MAPK/ERK Pathway; Apoptosis; Anti-infection												
Storage:	<table border="0"> <tr> <td>Powder</td> <td>-20°C</td> <td>3 years</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>4°C</td> <td>2 years</td> </tr> <tr> <td>In solvent</td> <td>-80°C</td> <td>1 year</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>-20°C</td> <td>6 months</td> </tr> </table>	Powder	-20°C	3 years		4°C	2 years	In solvent	-80°C	1 year		-20°C	6 months
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SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO : ≥ 50 mg/mL (188.46 mM)
 H₂O : 4 mg/mL (15.08 mM; ultrasonic and warming and heat to 60°C)
 * "≥" means soluble, but saturation unknown.

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Concentration	Mass		
		1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	3.7692 mL	18.8459 mL	37.6918 mL
	5 mM	0.7538 mL	3.7692 mL	7.5384 mL
	10 mM	0.3769 mL	1.8846 mL	3.7692 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- Add each solvent one by one: Saline
Solubility: 3.33 mg/mL (12.55 mM); Clear solution; Need ultrasonic and warming and heat to 60°C
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline
Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (9.42 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline)
Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (9.42 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil
Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (9.42 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description

Anisomycin is a potent protein synthesis inhibitor which interferes with protein and DNA synthesis by inhibiting peptidyl transferase or the 80S ribosome system^[1]. Anisomycin is a JNK activator, which increases phospho-JNK^{[2][3]}. Anisomycin is a bacterial antibiotic^[4].

IC ₅₀ & Target	JNK	DNA synthesis								
In Vitro	<p>To examine whether JNK has a core role in colistin-induced neurotoxicity in PC-12 cells, an SP600125 (a highly selective inhibitor of JNK) and Anisomycin (a potent activator) are used in this study. In order to select an appropriate concentration, PC-12 cells are treated with a range of SP600125 (0-80 μM) and Anisomycin (0-20 μM) respectively for 24 h. The results show that the cells viability significantly decreases by SP600125 treatment in a concentration-dependent manner, observed at the concentrations greater than 20 μM (p<0.01). Similarly the cells viability is inhibited by Anisomycin treatment (≥8 μM) (p<0.05) [1].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p>									
In Vivo	<p>Anisomycin (60 mg/kg; for 4-week continuous intravenous administration) significantly decreases mouse body weight in a dose-related manner, compared with the control group. Anisomycin (15 mg/kg; for 4-week continuous intravenous administration) slightly and transiently decreases the mouse body weight. There is no significant difference of the mouse body weight in 5 mg/kg group^[3].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <table border="1"> <tbody> <tr> <td>Animal Model:</td> <td>Balb/c mice of both sexes (4-5 weeks old)^[3]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dosage:</td> <td>84, 99, 116, 136 or 160 mg/kg; 0.2 mL per mouse</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Administration:</td> <td>Intravenously injected through mouse tail vein</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>The calculated LD₅₀ for Anisomycin was 119.64 mg/kg.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Animal Model:	Balb/c mice of both sexes (4-5 weeks old) ^[3]	Dosage:	84, 99, 116, 136 or 160 mg/kg; 0.2 mL per mouse	Administration:	Intravenously injected through mouse tail vein	Result:	The calculated LD ₅₀ for Anisomycin was 119.64 mg/kg.
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CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- J Hazard Mater. 2020 Nov 15;399:122809.
- J Exp Clin Cancer Res. 2020 Feb 5;39(1):29.
- Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 2023 Jan 31;120(5):e2213777120.
- Cell Death Dis. 2021 Jan 11;12(1):63.
- Cell Rep. 2021 Jul 20;36(3):109398.

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REFERENCES

- [1]. Lu Z, et al. Colistin-induced autophagy and apoptosis involves the JNK-Bcl2-Bax signaling pathway and JNK-p53-ROS positive feedback loop in PC-12 cells.
- [2]. Zhengle Tang, et al. In vivo toxicological evaluation of Anisomycin. Toxicol Lett. 2012 Jan 5;208(1):1-11.
- [3]. Gao X, et al. Transcriptional regulation of stress kinase JNK2 in pro-arrhythmic CaMKIIδ expression in the aged atrium. Cardiovasc Res. 2018 Apr 1;114(5):737-746.
- [4]. Synthesis Marina Macías-Silva, et al. Anisomycin is a Multifunctional Drug: More than Just a Tool to Inhibit Protein. Current Chemical Biology, 2010, 4, 124-132.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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