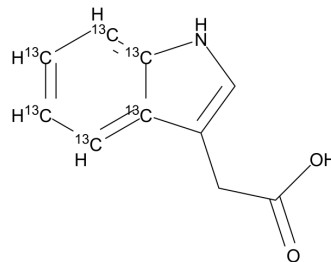


## 3-Indoleacetic acid-<sup>13</sup>C<sub>6</sub>

Cat. No.:	HY-18569S4
CAS No.:	100849-36-3
Molecular Formula:	C <sub>4</sub> <sup>13</sup> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>9</sub> NO <sub>2</sub>
Molecular Weight:	181.14
Target:	Endogenous Metabolite; Molecular Glues
Pathway:	Metabolic Enzyme/Protease; PROTAC
Storage:	4°C, protect from light * In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (protect from light)



### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

<b>Description</b>	3-Indoleacetic acid- <sup>13</sup> C <sub>6</sub> is the <sup>13</sup> C labeled 3-Indoleacetic acid[1]. 3-Indoleacetic acid (Indole-3-acetic acid) is the most common natural plant growth hormone of the auxin class. It can be added to cell culture medium to induce plant cell elongation and division.
<b>In Vitro</b>	Stable heavy isotopes of hydrogen, carbon, and other elements have been incorporated into drug molecules, largely as tracers for quantitation during the drug development process. Deuteration has gained attention because of its potential to affect the pharmacokinetic and metabolic profiles of drugs <sup>[1]</sup> . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

### REFERENCES

[1]. Russak EM, et al. Impact of Deuterium Substitution on the Pharmacokinetics of Pharmaceuticals. Ann Pharmacother. 2019 Feb;53(2):211-216.

**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

Tel: 609-228-6898

Fax: 609-228-5909

E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA