# **Product** Data Sheet

### **S107**

Cat. No.:HY-15292CAS No.:927871-76-9Molecular Formula: $C_{11}H_{15}NOS$ Molecular Weight:209.31Target:OthersPathway:Others

**Storage:** Powder

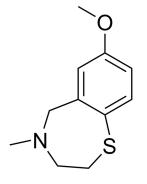
4°C 2 years

3 years

In solvent -80°C 2 years

-20°C

-20°C 1 year



### **SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY**

In Vitro

DMSO: 100 mg/mL (477.76 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	4.7776 mL	23.8880 mL	47.7760 mL
	5 mM	0.9555 mL	4.7776 mL	9.5552 mL
	10 mM	0.4778 mL	2.3888 mL	4.7776 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (11.94 mM); Clear solution
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE- $\beta$ -CD in saline) Solubility:  $\geq$  2.5 mg/mL (11.94 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (11.94 mM); Clear solution

## **BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY**

Description	S107 is an orally available, blood brain barrier-permeable compound, which stabilizes RyR2 channels by enhancing the binding of calstabin 2 to the mutant Ryr2-R2474S channel. S107 inhibits $Ca^{2+}$ leakage from the sarcoplasmic reticulum (SR) and prevents cardiac arrhythmias and raises the seizure threshold <sup>[1][2]</sup> .
In Vitro	S107 is a small compound that enhances calstabin2 binding to RyR2 at low nanomolar concentrations and failed to interact with over 400 receptors, enzymes, and ion channels in screens using up to 10 µM of the compound <sup>[1]</sup> .  S107 exerts an antiarrhythmic effect on CPVT-hiPSC-CMs. Pre-incubation with 10 µM S107, which stabilizes the closed state

of the ryanodine receptor 2, significantly decreases the percentage of CPVT-hiPSC-CMs presenting DADs to  $25\%^{[2]}$ . S107 increases FKBP12 binding to RyR1 in SR vesicles in the presence of reduced glutathione and the NO-donor NOC12, with no effect in the presence of oxidized glutathione. S107 can reverse the harmful effects of redox active species on SR Ca<sup>2+</sup> release in skeletal muscle by binding to RyR1 low affinity sites<sup>[3]</sup>.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

In Vivo

S107, which prevents a leak in the channel but does not block the channel or alter normal  $Ca^{2+}$  signaling, is able to inhibit both seizures and arrhythymias in the mutant mice<sup>[1]</sup>.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

### **PROTOCOL**

Animal
Administration [1]

Mice: To test for protection against seizures using S107, osmotic pumps are implanted, and mice are pretreated with S107 5 mg/kg/h for 1 week prior to seizure susceptibility testing. Phase 4 seizures associated with death could be avoided through intubation and artificial breathing, indicating diaphragm failure during sustained seizures as a potential cause of death. Mice are directly observed and videorecorded for later review and latency classification during a 60-minute observation period<sup>[1]</sup>.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

### **CUSTOMER VALIDATION**

• Nat Commun. 2023 Feb 23;14(1):1020.

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#### **REFERENCES**

- [1]. Lehnart SE, et al. Leaky Ca<sup>2+</sup> release channel/ryanodine receptor 2 causes seizures and sudden cardiac death in mice. J Clin Invest. 2008 Jun;118(6):2230-45.
- [2]. Sasaki K, et al. Patient-Specific Human Induced Pluripotent Stem Cell Model Assessed with Electrical Pacing Validates S107 as a Potential Therapeutic Agent for Catecholaminergic Polymorphic Ventricular Tachycardia. PLoS One. 2016 Oct 20;11(10):e0164795.
- [3]. Mei Y, et al. Stabilization of the skeletal muscle ryanodine receptor ion channel-FKBP12 complex by the 1,4-benzothiazepine derivative S107. PLoS One. 2013;8(1):e54208.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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