**Proteins** 

# **Product** Data Sheet

## **Darusentan**

Cat. No.: HY-15404 CAS No.: 171714-84-4 Molecular Formula:  $C_{22}H_{22}N_{2}O_{6}$ Molecular Weight: 410.42

Target: **Endothelin Receptor** Pathway: GPCR/G Protein

Storage: Powder -20°C 3 years

In solvent

2 years -80°C 2 years

-20°C 1 year

### **SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY**

In Vitro

DMSO: 100 mg/mL (243.65 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	2.4365 mL	12.1826 mL	24.3653 mL
	5 mM	0.4873 mL	2.4365 mL	4.8731 mL
	10 mM	0.2437 mL	1.2183 mL	2.4365 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (5.07 mM); Clear solution
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (5.07 mM); Clear solution

### **BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY**

Description

Darusentan (Lu-135252) is a selective endothelin receptor A (ET-A) receptor antagonist, which binds with a  $K_i$  of 1.4 nM to the ET-A receptor and a  $K_i$  of 184 nM to ET-B receptor, respectively with a 100-fold selectivity for ETA rather than ETB receptors<sup>[1]</sup> . Darusentan competes for radiolabeled endothelin binding in rat aortic vascular smooth muscle cells (RAVSMs) membranes

with single-site kinetics, exhibiting a  $K_i$  of 13 nM<sup>[2]</sup>.

In Vitro

Darusentan ((S)-Darusentan) competes for radiolabeled endothelin binding in rat aortic vascular smooth muscle cells (RAVSMs) membranes with single-site kinetics, exhibiting a K<sub>i</sub>=13 nM. In isolated endothelium-denuded rat aortic rings, Darusentan inhibits endothelin-induced vascular contractility with a  $pA_2=8.1\pm0.14$ . Darusentan (0.001-1 $\mu$ M) inhibits ET-1induced signaling in cultured RAVSMs<sup>[2]</sup>.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

#### In Vivo

Darusentan (30 mg/kg per day orally for weeks 3 and 4) reverses a ortic alterations produced by infusion of Norepinephrine (2.5  $\mu$ g/kg per min subcutaneously for 2 and 4 weeks) in male Sprague Dawley rats<sup>[3]</sup>.

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Animal Model:	Twenty-four (eight per group) male Sprague Dawley rats weighing 175±200 g <sup>[3]</sup>		
Dosage:	30 mg/kg		
Administration:	Administered orally in rat food for weeks 3 and 4		
Result:	Reversed aortic alterations produced by infusion of Norepinephrine (2.5 μg/kg).		

#### **REFERENCES**

- [1]. Liang F, et al. Darusentan is a potent inhibitor of endothelin signaling and function in both large and small arteries. Can J Physiol Pharmacol. 2010 Aug;88(8):840-9.
- [2]. Frank Enseleit, et al. Darusentan, a selective endothelin A receptor antagonist, for the oral treatment of resistant hypertension. Ther Adv Cardiovasc Dis. 2010 Aug;4(4):231-40.
- [3]. H H Dao, et al. Norepinephrine-induced aortic hyperplasia and extracellular matrix deposition are endothelin-dependent. J Hypertens. 2001 Nov;19(11):1965-73.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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