y-Glu-Phe TFA

Cat. No.: HY-101399A CAS No.: 2828432-42-2 Molecular Formula: $C_{16}H_{19}F_3N_2O_7$ Molecular Weight: 408.33

Sequence: γ-Glu-Phe

Sequence Shortening:

Target: **Endogenous Metabolite** Pathway: Metabolic Enzyme/Protease

Storage: Sealed storage, away from moisture

> Powder -80°C 2 years

-20°C 1 year

HN	OH OH	NH ₂ OH
F F F	ОН	

Product Data Sheet

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

H₂O: 250 mg/mL (612.25 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Solvent Concentration Preparing 1 mM 5 mM 10 mM		1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	2.4490 mL	12.2450 mL	24.4900 mL
	5 mM	0.4898 mL	2.4490 mL	4.8980 mL
	10 mM	0.2449 mL	1.2245 mL	2.4490 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description γ-Glu-Phe TFA (γ-Glutamylphenylalanine TFA) is synthesized by Bacillus amyloliquefaciens (GBA) and Aspergillus oryzae

(GAO). Y-Glu-Phe TFA or the post-enzymatic reaction mixture enhances the umami intensity of commercial soy sauce and

model chicken broth^[1].

IC₅₀ & Target Human Endogenous Metabolite

In Vitro γ-Glu-Phe, γ-Glu-Met and γ-Glu-Val, are identified in sourdough by liquid chromatography-tandem mass spectrometry in

> MRM mode, y-Glutamyl dipeptides are found in higher concentrations in sourdough fermented with L. reuteri when compared to the chemically acidified controls. Proteolysis is an important factor for generation of y-glutamyl dipeptides. Sensory evaluation of bread reveals that sourdough bread with higher concentrations of γ-glutamyl dipeptides ranks higher with respect to the taste intensity when compared to regular bread and type I sourdough bread. Sourdough breads fermented with L. reuteri LTH5448 and L. reuteri 100-23 differ with respect to the intensity of the salty taste; this difference

corresponds to a different concentration of γ -glutamyl dipeptides^[2].

^{*} In solvent: -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture)

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

REFERENCES

- [1]. Yang J, et al. Synthesis and Sensory Characteristics of Kokumi γ -[Glu]_n-Phe in the Presence of Glutamine and Phenylalanine: Glutaminase from Bacillus amyloliquefaciens or Aspergillus oryzae as the Catalyst. J Agric Food Chem. 2017 Oct 4;65(39):8696-8703.
- [2]. Zhao CJ, et al. Synthesis of Taste-Active γ-Glutamyl Dipeptides during Sourdough Fermentation by Lactobacillus reuteri. J Agric Food Chem. 2016 Oct 12;64(40):7561-7568.
- [3]. Zhao CJ, et al. Synthesis of Taste-Active 🛭 -Glutamyl Dipeptides during Sourdough Fermentation by Lactobacillus reuteri. J Agric Food Chem. 2016 Oct 12;64(40):7561-7568.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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Page 2 of 2 www.MedChemExpress.com