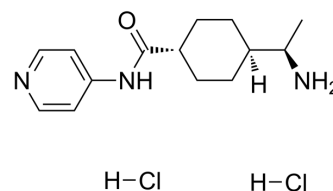


## Y-27632 dihydrochloride

|                           |  |
|---------------------------|--|
| <b>Cat. No.:</b>          | HY-10583   |
| <b>CAS No.:</b>           | 129830-38-2  |
| <b>Molecular Formula:</b> | C <sub>14</sub> H <sub>23</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O   |
| <b>Molecular Weight:</b>  | 320  |
| <b>Target:</b>            | ROCK; Organoid   |
| <b>Pathway:</b>           | Cell Cycle/DNA Damage; Cytoskeleton; Stem Cell/Wnt; TGF-beta/Smad  |
| <b>Storage:</b>           | 4°C, sealed storage, away from moisture<br>* In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture) |



### SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

#### In Vitro

H<sub>2</sub>O : 100 mg/mL (312.50 mM; Need ultrasonic)  
DMSO : 33.33 mg/mL (104.16 mM; Need ultrasonic)

| Preparing Stock Solutions | Solvent Concentration | Mass      |            |            |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|------------|------------|
|                           |                       | 1 mg      | 5 mg       | 10 mg      |
|                           | 1 mM                  | 3.1250 mL | 15.6250 mL | 31.2500 mL |
|                           | 5 mM                  | 0.6250 mL | 3.1250 mL  | 6.2500 mL  |
|                           | 10 mM                 | 0.3125 mL | 1.5625 mL  | 3.1250 mL  |

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

#### In Vivo

- Add each solvent one by one: PBS  
Solubility: 220 mg/mL (687.50 mM); Clear solution; Need ultrasonic
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline  
Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (7.81 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline)  
Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (7.81 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil  
Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (7.81 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 5% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 50% saline  
Solubility: ≥ 1.25 mg/mL (3.91 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 5% DMSO >> 95% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline)  
Solubility: ≥ 1.25 mg/mL (3.91 mM); Clear solution

### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

#### Description

Y-27632 dihydrochloride is an orally active and ATP-competitive ROCK (Rho-kinase) inhibitor (ROCK-I K<sub>i</sub>=220 nM; ROCK-II K<sub>i</sub>

=300 nM). Y-27632 dihydrochloride shows antiepileptic effects<sup>[1][2][3][4]</sup>.

|                           |                       |                        |                    |                              |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|
| IC <sub>50</sub> & Target | ROCK-I<br>220 nM (Ki) | ROCK-II<br>300 nM (Ki) | PKN<br>3.1 μM (Ki) | Citron kinase<br>5.3 μM (Ki) |
|                           | PKCα<br>73 μM (Ki)    | PKA<br>25 μM (Ki)      |                    |                              |

|                  |  |   |
|------------------|--|---|
| In Vitro         | Y-27632 (1-5 μM; 0-60 min) promotes neuronal differentiation of adipose tissue-derived stem cells (ADSCs) <sup>[3]</sup> .                                       |   |
|                  | Y-27632 (1-5 μM; 0-60 min) induces the expression of NSE, MAP-2 and nestin in ADSCs <sup>[3]</sup> .   |   |
|                  | MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.  |   |
|                  | Western Blot Analysis <sup>[3]</sup>   |   |
|                  | Cell Line:   | Adipose tissue-derived stem cells (ADSCs) |
| Concentration:   | 20 μM  |   |
| Incubation Time: | 24 hours   |   |
| Result:          | Resulted in the up-regulation of NSE, MAP-2 and nestin protein levels by 25.3, 3.1 and 2.5 fold, respectively, compared to control cells not treated by Y-27632. |   |

|         |   |   |
|---------|---|---|
| In Vivo | Y-27632 (oral gavage; 30 mg/kg; once daily; 4 w) prevents dimethylnitrosamine-induced hepatic fibrosis in rats <sup>[1]</sup> .   |   |
|         | Y-27632 (oral gavage; 5-10 mg/kg; once) shows antiepileptic effects in epilepsy induced by PTZ and MES <sup>[2]</sup> .   |   |
|         | MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.   |   |
|         | Animal Model:   | Male Wistar rats injected with dimethylnitrosamine <sup>[1]</sup>   |
|         | Dosage:   | 30 mg/kg  |
|         | Administration:   | Oral gavage; 30 mg/kg; once daily; 4 weeks  |
|         | Result:   | Decreased the occurrence of dimethylnitrosamine-induced hepatic fibrosis and reduced the collagen and hydroxyproline content and α-smooth muscle actin expression in the liver. |
|         | Animal Model:   | Male Swiss albino mice injected with PTZ (pentylene-tetrazole) or induced by MES (maximal electroconvulsive shock) <sup>[2]</sup>   |
|         | Dosage:   | 5-10 mg/kg  |
|         | Administration:   | Oral gavage; 5-10 mg/kg; once   |
| Result: | Prolonged the onset time of myoclonic jerks when compared with those observed in the saline group (P<0.05).<br>Prolonged the onset time of clonic convulsions when compared with saline group (P<0.05).<br>Prevented the occurrence of tonic hindlimb extensions and death. |   |

## CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Nature. 2022 Nov;611(7936):603-613.

- Nature. 2022 Jan;601(7894):600-605.
- Science. 2020 Dec 4;370(6521):eaay2002.
- Cancer Cell. 2023 Jun 12;41(6):1103-1117.e12.
- Cell Res. 2023 Jul 17.

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## REFERENCES

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- [1]. Tada S, et al. A selective ROCK inhibitor, Y27632, prevents dimethylnitrosamine-induced hepatic fibrosis in rats. J Hepatol. 2001 Apr;34(4):529-36.
- [2]. Inan S, et al. Antiepileptic effects of two Rho-kinase inhibitors, Y-27632 and fasudil, in mice. Br J Pharmacol. 2008 Sep;155(1):44-51.
- [3]. Xue ZW, et al. Rho-associated coiled kinase inhibitor Y-27632 promotes neuronal-like differentiation of adult human adipose tissue-derived stem cells. Chin Med J (Engl). 2012 Sep;125(18):3332-5.
- [4]. Ishizaki T, et al. Pharmacological properties of Y-27632, a specific inhibitor of rho-associated kinases. Mol Pharmacol. 2000 May;57(5):976-83.
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**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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