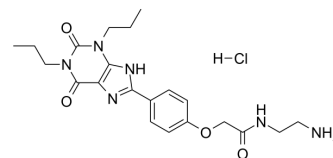


## Xanthine amine congener hydrochloride

<b>Cat. No.:</b>	HY-101139A
<b>CAS No.:</b>	1783977-95-6
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>29</sub> ClN <sub>6</sub> O <sub>4</sub>
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	464.95
<b>Target:</b>	Adenosine Receptor
<b>Pathway:</b>	GPCR/G Protein
<b>Storage:</b>	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.



### SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

#### In Vitro

DMSO : 20.83 mg/mL (44.80 mM); ultrasonic and warming and heat to 60°C

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Concentration	Mass		
		1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	2.1508 mL	10.7538 mL	21.5077 mL
	5 mM	0.4302 mL	2.1508 mL	4.3015 mL
	10 mM	0.2151 mL	1.0754 mL	2.1508 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

#### In Vivo

- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline  
Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (4.47 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline)  
Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (4.47 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil  
Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (4.47 mM); Clear solution

### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

#### Description

Xanthine amine congener (XAC) hydrochloride is a non-selective adenosine receptor antagonist. Xanthine amine congener hydrochloride induces convulsions in mice<sup>[1]</sup>.

### REFERENCES

[1]. Ukena D, et al. Functionalized congeners of 1,3-dipropyl-8-phenylxanthine: potent antagonists for adenosine receptors that modulate membrane adenylate cyclase in pheochromocytoma cells, platelets and fat cells. *Life Sci.* 1986 Mar 3;38(9):797-807.

---

**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

Tel: 609-228-6898

Fax: 609-228-5909

E-mail: [tech@MedChemExpress.com](mailto:tech@MedChemExpress.com)

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA