Vps34-IN-2

Cat. No.: HY-12473 CAS No.: 1523404-29-6 Molecular Formula: $C_{18}H_{25}F_3N_4O_3$ Molecular Weight: 402.41

Target: PI3K; SARS-CoV

Pathway: PI3K/Akt/mTOR; Anti-infection

Storage: Powder -20°C 3 years

4°C 2 years

In solvent -80°C 2 years

> -20°C 1 year

Product Data Sheet

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

Ethanol: 50 mg/mL (124.25 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	2.4850 mL	12.4251 mL	24.8503 mL
	5 mM	0.4970 mL	2.4850 mL	4.9701 mL
	10 mM	0.2485 mL	1.2425 mL	2.4850 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% EtOH >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (6.21 mM); Clear solution
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% EtOH >> 90% (20% SBE- β -CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (6.21 mM); Clear solution
- 3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% EtOH >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (6.21 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	Vps34-IN-2 is a novel, potent and selective inhibitor of Vps34 with IC $_{50}$ s of 2 and 82 nM on the Vps34 enzymatic assay and the GFP-FYVE cellular assay, respectively [1]. Vps34-IN-2 shows antiviral activity against SARS-CoV-2 (IC $_{50}$ of 3.1 μ M), HCoV-229E (IC $_{50}$ of 0.7 μ M) and HCoV-OC43 [2].			
IC ₅₀ & Target	Vps34	SARS-CoV-2	HCoV-229E	
	2 nM (IC ₅₀)	3.1 μM (IC ₅₀)	0.7 μM (IC ₅₀)	

In Vitro

Vps34-IN-2 (Compound 31) displays IC $_{50}$ s of 2 and 82 nM on the Vps34 enzymatic assay and the GFP-FYVE cellular assay, respectively. Vps34-IN-2 exhibits selectivity against mTOR (IC $_{50}$ >10 μ M) and class I PI3Ks (IC $_{50}$ values of 2.7, 4.5, 2.5, and >10 μ M on PI3K α , β , δ , γ isoforms, respectively)^[1].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

In Vivo

After administration by the intravenous (iv) route, Vps34-IN-2 (Compound 31) concentrations are quantifiable up to 6, 8, and 24 h (last sampling time) depending on animals. After oral administration (po), Vps34-IN-2 is rapidly absorbed with maximal plasma concentrations observed at 0.5 h and a bioavailability of 85%. Slight rebounds of concentrations are observed at 4 and 8 h after oral dosing with no obvious explanation. After iv injection of Vps34-IN-2 at 3 mg/kg, plasma clearance is found moderate (i.e., 2.3 L/h/kg), corresponding to 44% of hepatic blood flow in this species, volume of distribution at steady state is moderate, and terminal elimination half-life is short^[1].

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PROTOCOL

Cell Assay [1]

Cells are cultured in RPMI-1640 medium with 10% fetal bovine serum. Cells are lysed by sonication in a detergent containing lysis buffer and cleared by centrifugation, and the resulting supernatant is collected for compound treatment. Final protein concentration of lysates is 4 mg/mL. An amount of 5 μ L of Vps34-IN-2 (Compound 31) is added from 100× stock solutions in DMSO to 445 μ L of lysate in duplicate. An amount of 5 μ L of DMSO is added to 445 μ L of lysate in quadruplicate for controls. After 15 min incubation, 5 μ L of a 100× aqueous solution of the ATP probe I is added to each sample (final concentration of ATP probe II is 0.5 μ M). After 5 min, 50 μ L of a 10× aqueous solution of the ATP probe II is added to each sample (final concentration of ATP probe II is 20 μ M). All samples are then incubated for an additional 10 min^[1].

Animal Administration [1]

For PK/PD studies, 3×10^6 H1299-GFP-FYVE tumor cells with 50% Matrigel are subcutaneously injected on the dorsal side of SCID mice, one tumor per mouse. When xenografted tumors reach a range of ~200 to 400 mm³, mice are treated with vehicle (98% PEG200/2% PS80) or a single dose of Vps34-IN-2 (compound 31) at 100 and 50 mg/kg via oral gavage. Three mice treated with vehicle alone and three mice treated with Vps34-IN-2 are sacrificed at each time point; tumor tissues are harvested for immunohistochemistry (IHC) analysis and plasma samples are collected to determine the concentration of Vps34-IN- $2^{[1]}$.

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CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Nat Genet. 2021 Apr;53(4):435-444.
- J Virol. 2021 Sep 22; JVI0153721.

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REFERENCES

- [1]. Pasquier B, et al. Discovery of (2S)-8-[(3R)-3-methylmorpholin-4-yl]-1-(3-methyl-2-oxobutyl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimido[1,2-a]pyrimidin-6-one: a novel potent and selective inhibitor of Vps34 for the treatment of solid tumors. J Med Chem.

 $\label{lem:caution:Product} \textbf{Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.}$

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