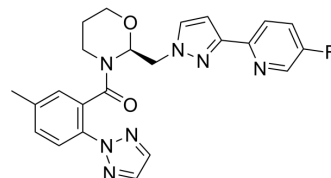


Vornorexant

Cat. No.:	HY-139559		
CAS No.:	1517965-94-4		
Molecular Formula:	C ₂₃ H ₂₂ FN ₇ O ₂		
Molecular Weight:	447.46		
Target:	Orexin Receptor (OX Receptor)		
Pathway:	GPCR/G Protein; Neuronal Signaling		
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	6 months
		-20°C	1 month



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO : ≥ 100 mg/mL (223.48 mM)
 * "≥" means soluble, but saturation unknown.

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Concentration	Mass		
		1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	2.2348 mL	11.1742 mL	22.3484 mL
	5 mM	0.4470 mL	2.2348 mL	4.4697 mL
	10 mM	0.2235 mL	1.1174 mL	2.2348 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline
 Solubility: ≥ 1.25 mg/mL (2.79 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline)
 Solubility: ≥ 1.25 mg/mL (2.79 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil
 Solubility: ≥ 1.25 mg/mL (2.79 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description

Vornorexant (ORN-0829; TS-142) is a potent dual OX1R and OX2R antagonist with IC₅₀ values of 1.05 nM and 1.27 nM, respectively. Vornorexant exhibits potent sleep-promoting effects in vivo and can be used for insomnia research research.

IC₅₀ & Target

OX₂ Receptor

In Vivo

Vornorexant (oral administration; 1-10 mg/kg) exhibits potent sleep-promoting effects at a po. dose of 1 mg/kg in a rat

polysomnogram study. It results in a dose-dependent increase in the percentage of total sleep^[1].

Vornorexant exhibits optimal PK properties with a rapid T_{max} and short half-lives in rats and dogs. The $T_{1/2}$ is 0.238 hours and 1.16 hours, respectively in rat and dog^[1].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	Rat ^[1]
Dosage:	1, 3, 10 mg/kg
Administration:	Oral administration to rats prior to turning the light off (start of the active phase); 1-10 mg/kg
Result:	Possessed promising sleep-inducing and sleep-promoting effects.

REFERENCES

[1]. Aya Futamura, et al. Discovery of ORN0829, a potent dual orexin 1/2 receptor antagonist for the treatment of insomnia. *Bioorg Med Chem*. 2020 Jul 1;28(13):115489.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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