Proteins

Product Data Sheet

Valemetostat

Cat. No.: HY-109108 CAS No.: 1809336-39-7 Molecular Formula: $C_{26}H_{34}CIN_{3}O_{4}$ 488.02

Molecular Weight: Target: Histone Methyltransferase

Pathway: **Epigenetics**

Storage: Powder -20°C 3 years

> In solvent -80°C 6 months

> > -20°C 1 month

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO: 70 mg/mL (143.44 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	2.0491 mL	10.2455 mL	20.4910 mL
	5 mM	0.4098 mL	2.0491 mL	4.0982 mL
	10 mM	0.2049 mL	1.0245 mL	2.0491 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 5 mg/mL (10.25 mM); Clear solution
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE- β -CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 5 mg/mL (10.25 mM); Clear solution
- 3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 3.5 mg/mL (7.17 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	Valemetostat (DS-3201), a first-in-class EZH1/2 dual inhibitor with IC_{50} values $\blacksquare 10$ nM. Valemetostat can be used for the research of relapsed/refractory peripheral T-cell lymphoma $^{[1][2][3]}$.
IC ₅₀ & Target	EZH1
In Vitro	Valemetostat (1-1000 nM) strongly and specifically inhibits EZH1 and EZH2 with IC ₅₀ values ⊠10 nM ^[3] . Valemetostat (100 nM; 7 d) effectively removes H3K27me3 and also prevents unexpected gain of H3K27me3 ^[3] . Valemetostat (0.1-100 nM; 7 d) potently inhibits H3K27me3 by low-dose treatment in the sensitive lymphoma types ^[3] .

	MCE has not independe	MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.		
In Vivo	_	Valemetostat (0.01 mg/g; i.p.; once) prevents the changes of H3K27me3 after exercise training ^[2] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.		
	Animal Model:	Male C57BL/6J mice with chronic and acute running exercise or without exercise $^{[1]}$		
	Dosage:	0.01 mg/g		
	Administration:	Intraperitoneal injection; 0.01 mg/g; 30 min before the start of running exercise		
	Result:	Significantly increased the level of H3K27me3, slightly decresed EZH1 level, upregulated the EZH2 level and increased the level of phosphorylated AMPK after exercise. Repressed myonuclear H3K27me3 accumulation during training and caused a failure of adaptive changes.		

REFERENCES

- [1]. Shimizu J, Kawano F. Exercise-induced histone H3 trimethylation at lysine 27 facilitates the adaptation of skeletal muscle to exercise in mice. J Physiol. 2022 Jul;600(14):3331-3353.
- [2]. Yamagishi M, et al. Targeting Excessive EZH1 and EZH2 Activities for Abnormal Histone Methylation and Transcription Network in Malignant Lymphomas. Cell Rep. 2019 Nov 19;29(8):2321-2337.e7.
- [3]. Daiichi Sankyo's EZH1/2 Dual Inhibitor Valemetostat (DS-3201) Receives SAKIGAKE Designation for Treatment of Patients with Relapsed/Refractory Peripheral T-Cell Lymphoma from Japan MHLW.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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