

## **Product** Data Sheet

# Thalidomide-Propargyne-PEG2-COOH

Cat. No.: HY-138777
CAS No.: 2797619-65-7

Molecular Formula:  $C_{21}H_{20}N_2O_8$ Molecular Weight: 428.39

Target: E3 Ligase Ligand-Linker Conjugates

Pathway: PROTAC

**Storage:** -20°C, stored under nitrogen, away from moisture

\* In solvent: -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (stored under nitrogen, away from

moisture)

### **SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY**

In Vitro

DMSO: 125 mg/mL (291.79 mM; Need ultrasonic)

| Preparing<br>Stock Solutions | Solvent Mass<br>Concentration | 1 mg      | 5 mg       | 10 mg      |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|------------|------------|
|                              | 1 mM                          | 2.3343 mL | 11.6716 mL | 23.3432 mL |
|                              | 5 mM                          | 0.4669 mL | 2.3343 mL  | 4.6686 mL  |
|                              | 10 mM                         | 0.2334 mL | 1.1672 mL  | 2.3343 mL  |

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (4.86 mM); Clear solution
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE- $\beta$ -CD in saline) Solubility:  $\geq$  2.08 mg/mL (4.86 mM); Clear solution
- 3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (4.86 mM); Clear solution

## **BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY**

| Description               | Thalidomide-Propargyne-PEG2-COOH is a synthesized E3 ligase ligand-linker conjugate that incorporates the Thalidomide based cereblon ligand and a linker used in PROTAC technology $^{[1]}$ . Thalidomide-Propargyne-PEG2-COOH is a click chemistry reagent, it contains an Alkyne group and can undergo copper-catalyzed azide-alkyne cycloaddition (CuAAc) with molecules containing Azide groups. |
|---------------------------|--|
| IC <sub>50</sub> & Target | Cereblon   |
| In Vitro                  | PROTACs contain two different ligands connected by a linker; one is a ligand for an E3 ubiquitin ligase and the other is for   |

the target protein. PROTACs exploit the intracellular ubiquitin-proteasome system to selectively degrade target proteins<sup>[2]</sup>. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

#### **REFERENCES**

[1]. Sato T, et al. Cereblon-Based Small-Molecule Compounds to Control Neural Stem Cell Proliferation in Regenerative Medicine. Front Cell Dev Biol. 2021;9:629326. Published 2021 Mar 11.

[2]. Nalawansha DA, et al. PROTACs: An Emerging Therapeutic Modality in Precision Medicine. Cell Chem Biol. 2020;27(8):998-989.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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