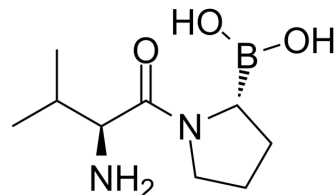


## Talabostat

Cat. No.:	HY-13233
CAS No.:	149682-77-9
Molecular Formula:	C <sub>9</sub> H <sub>19</sub> BN <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>
Molecular Weight:	214
Target:	Dipeptidyl Peptidase
Pathway:	Metabolic Enzyme/Protease
Storage:	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.



### SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

#### In Vitro

DMSO : ≥ 40 mg/mL (186.92 mM)  
 \* "≥" means soluble, but saturation unknown.

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Concentration	Mass	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM		4.6729 mL	23.3645 mL	46.7290 mL
	5 mM		0.9346 mL	4.6729 mL	9.3458 mL
	10 mM		0.4673 mL	2.3364 mL	4.6729 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

#### Description

Talabostat (Val-boroPro; PT100) is an orally active and nonselective dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-IV) inhibitor (IC<sub>50</sub> < 4 nM; K<sub>i</sub> = 0.18 nM) and the first clinical inhibitor of fibroblast activation protein (FAP) (IC<sub>50</sub> = 560 nM), inhibits DPP8/9 (IC<sub>50</sub> = 4/11 nM; K<sub>i</sub> = 1.5/0.76 nM), quiescent cell proline dipeptidase (QPP) (IC<sub>50</sub> = 310 nM), DPP2, and some other DASH family enzymes. Antineoplastic and hematopoiesis- stimulating activities<sup>[1][2][3]</sup>.

#### IC<sub>50</sub> & Target

IC<sub>50</sub>: < 4 nM (DPP-IV), 4/11 nM (DPP8/9), 310 nM (QPP), 560 nM (FAP)<sup>[1]</sup>  
 Ki: 0.18 nM (DPP-IV), 1.5/0.76 nM (DPP8/9)<sup>[2]</sup>

#### In Vitro

By cleaving N-terminal Xaa-Pro or Xaa-Ala residues, Talabostat (Val-boroPro) inhibits dipeptidyl peptidases, such as FAP, resulting in the stimulation of cytokine and chemokine production and specific T-cell immunity and T-cell dependent activity<sup>[3]</sup>.  
 Talabostat (Val-boroPro) competitively inhibits the dipeptidyl peptidase (DPP) activity of FAP and CD26/DPP-IV, and there is a high-affinity interaction with the catalytic site<sup>[4]</sup>.  
 MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

#### In Vivo

Talabostat (Val-boroPro; PT100) can stimulate immune responses against tumors involving both the innate and adaptive

branches of the immune system.

In WEHI 164 fibrosarcoma and EL4 and A20/2J lymphoma models, Talabostat (Val-boroPro) causes regression and rejection of tumors. The antitumor effect appears to involve tumor-specific CTL and protective immunological memory.

Talabostat (Val-boroPro) treatment of WEHI 164-inoculated mice increases mRNA expression of cytokines and chemokines known to promote T-cell priming and chemoattraction of T cells and innate effector cells<sup>[4]</sup>.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

## PROTOCOL

### Animal Administration <sup>[4]</sup>

Mice: BLM (0.5mg/kg/day) is administered on days -7, -6, -5, -2, -1, 0 in the nostrils of male mice. Talabostat (40 µg/mouse) or vehicle (0.9% NaCl) is dosed per os twice daily from day 1-14. MRI is performed before BLM and at days 0, 7 and 14. After the last MRI acquisition, animals are euthanised and the lungs harvested for histological and quantitative real-time polymerase chain reaction (qRT-PCR) analyses<sup>[4]</sup>.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

## CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Cell. 2023 May 11;186(10):2144-2159.e22.
- Science. 2020 Dec 4;370(6521):eaay2002.
- Nat Commun. 2019 May 7;10(1):2091.
- J Exp Med. 2022 Oct 3;219(10):e20212117.
- Adv Sci (Weinh). 2023 Jun 21;e2300881.

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## REFERENCES

[1]. Lankas GR, et al. Dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibition for the treatment of type 2 diabetes: potential importance of selectivity over dipeptidyl peptidases 8 and 9. Diabetes. 2005 Oct;54(10):2988-94.

[2]. Connolly BA, et al. Dipeptide boronic acid inhibitors of dipeptidyl peptidase IV: determinants of potency and in vivo efficacy and safety. J Med Chem. 2008 Oct 9;51(19):6005-13.

[3]. Talabostat

[4]. Adams S, et al. PT-100, a small molecule dipeptidyl peptidase inhibitor, has potent antitumor effects and augments antibody-mediated cytotoxicity via a novel immune mechanism. Cancer Res. 2004 Aug 1;64(15):5471-80.

**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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