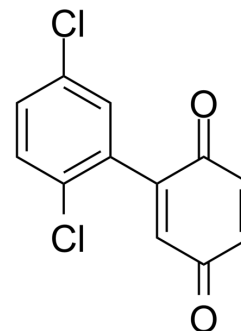


TPI-1

Cat. No.:	HY-100463		
CAS No.:	79756-69-7		
Molecular Formula:	C ₁₂ H ₆ Cl ₂ O ₂		
Molecular Weight:	253		
Target:	Phosphatase		
Pathway:	Metabolic Enzyme/Protease		
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	6 months
		-20°C	1 month



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO : 50 mg/mL (197.63 mM; Need ultrasonic)
 H₂O : < 0.1 mg/mL (ultrasonic;warming;heat to 60°C) (insoluble)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Concentration	Mass		
		1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	3.9526 mL	19.7628 mL	39.5257 mL
	5 mM	0.7905 mL	3.9526 mL	7.9051 mL
	10 mM	0.3953 mL	1.9763 mL	3.9526 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline
 Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (9.88 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline)
 Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (9.88 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil
 Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (9.88 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description

TPI-1, also known as Tyrosine Phosphatase Inhibitor 1, is a SHP-1 inhibitor; inhibits recombinant SHP-1 with an IC₅₀ of 40 nM.

IC₅₀ & Target

IC₅₀: 40 nM (recombinant SHP-1)^[1]

In Vitro

SHP-1 has been implicated as a potential cancer therapeutic target. TPI-1 is effective starting at 10 ng/mL in increasing SHP-

1 phospho-substrates pLck-pY394. TPI-1 selectively increases SHP-1 phospho-substrates (pLck-pY394, pZap70 and pSlp76) in Jurkat T cells but has little effects on pERK1/2 or pLck-pY505. TPI-1 induces mouse splenic-IFN γ ⁺ cells and induces IFN γ ⁺ cells in human peripheral blood^[1].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

In Vivo

TPI-1 inhibits the growth of B16 melanoma tumors in mice at a tolerated oral dose in a T cell-dependent manner but has little effects on B16 cell growth in culture. TPI-1 thus also increases pLck-pY394 and IFN γ ⁺ cells in mice. TPI-1 also inhibits B16 tumor growth and prolongs tumor mice survival as a tolerated s.c. agent^[1].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

PROTOCOL

Animal Administration ^[1]

Mice: For in vivo induction of pLck-pY394 and IFN γ ⁺ cells in mice, C57BL/6J mice are treated with PBS or TPI-1 (1 or 3 mg/kg, s.c.) for 4 days. Spleens are harvested one hour post-treatment on day 4 and processed into splenocytes, which are used for assessing pLck-pY394 levels by SDS-PAGE/Western blotting and for quantification of IFN γ ⁺ cells by ELISPOT assays. Mice are also treated with TPI-1 (10 mg/kg, daily, s.c.) to evaluate the toxicity of the compounds in vivo^[1].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- J Allergy Clin Immunol. 2021 Jun 15;S0091-6749(21)00936-2.
- Cancer Res. (2022) 82 (10): 1991-2002.
- J Neuroinflammation. 2020 Mar 9;17(1):81.
- Front Immunol. 2022 Jun 10;13:865503.
- Front Immunol. 21 January 2021.

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REFERENCES

[1]. Kundu S, et al. Novel SHP-1 inhibitors tyrosine phosphatase inhibitor-1 and analogs with preclinical anti-tumor activities as tolerated oral agents. J Immunol. 2010 Jun 1;184(11):6529-36.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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