

Product Data Sheet

TMC353121

Cat. No.:HY-11097CAS No.:857066-90-1Molecular Formula: $C_{32}H_{42}N_6O_3$ Molecular Weight:558.71Target:RSV

Pathway: Anti-infection

Storage: Powder -20°C 3 years

4°C 2 years

In solvent -80°C 2 years

-20°C 1 year

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO: 50 mg/mL (89.49 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	1.7898 mL	8.9492 mL	17.8984 mL
	5 mM	0.3580 mL	1.7898 mL	3.5797 mL
	10 mM	0.1790 mL	0.8949 mL	1.7898 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: \geq 2.5 mg/mL (4.47 mM); Clear solution
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE- β -CD in saline) Solubility: 2.5 mg/mL (4.47 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic
- 3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (4.47 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	TMC353121 is a potent respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) fusion inhibitor with pEC $_{50}$ of 9.9.	
IC ₅₀ & Target	pEC50: 9.9 (RSV) ^[1]	
In Vitro	TMC353121 shows activity against groups A and B RSV and against a panel of clinical isolates with equal potency $^{[1]}$. TMC353121 is a potent RSV fusion inhibitor in vitro. TMC353121 is active against wild-type RSV (strain LO), with a 50% effective concentration (EC ₅₀) of 0.07 ng/mL in HeLaM cells $^{[2]}$.	

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

In Vivo

After i.v. bolus administration of a single dose of 10 mg/kg to Sprague-Dawley rats, the plasma drug concentration-time profile of TMC353121 exhibits multicompartmental pharmacokinetics. Mean plasma drug concentrations decrease rapidly during the first hours after dosing and then more slowly, with a half-life of about 12 h, as determined for the last part of the curve between 8 and 24 h postdose. TMC353121 is rapidly eliminated from plasma (CL=8.6 liters/h/kg) and extensively distributed (V_{ss} =55 liters/kg)^[2]. TMC353121 is administered once, i.v. at 2.5 mg/kg or at 0.25 mg/kg. Drug levels are determined in lung tissue, serum, and BAL fluid at different time points. TMC353121 followed multicompartment pharmacokinetics, with a fast decay in serum within the first hour after i.v. injection, followed by a slower decay. The drug is eliminated quickly from the blood resulting in very low blood levels after 24 h. Lung concentrations are much higher than serum concentrations and in BAL fluid the drug is just above the limit of detection at 8 h after injection. Very low drug levels can still be detected in the lung 5 days after treatment^[3].

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PROTOCOL

Animal Administration [2][3]

Rats^[2]

Sprague-Dawley and cotton rats are given a single-bolus dose of 10 mg/kg TMC353121 intravenously (i.v.). Blood samples are taken from the orbital venous plexus of three Sprague-Dawley rats at 15 min and 1, 8, and 24 h postdose and from six Sprague-Dawley rats and six cotton rats at 3 h postdose. Blood samples are centrifuged at 1,500× g for 10 min, and plasma is separated and frozen until bioanalysis. After blood sampling, the rats are exsanguinated from the vena femoralis under isoflurane-oxygen anesthesia. Then they are euthanized by CO₂ asphyxiation, and the lungs are subjected to lavage once via a tracheal cannula with phosphate-buffered saline (PBS) containing 2% bovine serum albumin (BSA) at room temperature at a volume of 5 mL per Sprague-Dawley rat or 2.5 mL per cotton rat. After gentle injection of the lavage fluid into the lungs, the fluid is withdrawn for collection of the bronchoalveolar lavage fluid (BALF) and the lungs are dissected. BALF is collected in order to assess TMC353121 concentrations in the lung epithelial lining fluid (ELF) after correction for the dilution with lavage fluid. A single lavage with a short dwelling time is applied as previously recommended for better accuracy of the determination of ELF dilution. BSA is added to the lavage fluid in order to prevent the adsorption of TMC353121 to syringes or other containers. The BALF is centrifuged at 300× g for 10 min, and the supernatant is separated. BALF supernatant and lung tissue samples are then frozen until bioanalysis. BALF supernatant is referred as BALF throughout this paper. Mice^[3]

Inbred 8- to 12-week-old female BALB/c mice are used. TMC353121 is administered intravenously in saline at doses of 0.25- 10 mg/kg, and at various times in relation to the RSV infection. Mice are infected with 2×10^6 plaque-forming unit (PFU) of plaque-purified human strain RSV A2 ($100 \mu L$ intranasally). Individual body weight is used to monitor animal health and response to infection, and is recorded daily.

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CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- iScience. 13 October 2022, 105354.
- J Virol. 2021 Aug 11; JVI0120521.
- J Antimicrob Chemother. 2018 Jul 1;73(7):1823-1829.
- Antimicrob Agents Chemother. 2020 Sep 21;64(10):e00608-20.
- Viruses. 2023 Jul 14, 15(7), 1548.

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REFERENCES

- [1]. Bonfanti JF, et al. Selection of a respiratory syncytial virus fusion inhibitor clinical candidate. 2. Discovery of a morpholinopropylaminobenzimidazole derivative (TMC353121). J Med Chem. 2008 Feb 28;51(4):875-96.
- [2]. Rouan MC, et al. Pharmacokinetics-pharmacodynamics of a respiratory syncytial virus fusion inhibitor in the cotton rat model. Antimicrob Agents Chemother. 2010 Nov;54(11):4534-9.
- [3]. Olszewska W, et al. Antiviral and lung protective activity of a novel respiratory syncytial virus fusion inhibitor in a mouse model. Eur Respir J. 2011 Aug;38(2):401-8.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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