TC-N 1752

Cat. No.:	HY-107405			
CAS No.:	1211866-85-1			
Molecular Formula:	C ₂₅ H ₂₇ F ₃ N ₆ O ₃			
Molecular Weight:	516.52			
Target:	Sodium Channel			
Pathway:	Membrane Transporter/Ion Channel			
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years	
		4°C	2 years	
	In solvent	-80°C	6 months	
		-20°C	1 month	

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

	Mass Solvent Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM	1.9360 mL	9.6802 mL	19.3603 mL
	5 mM	0.3872 mL	1.9360 mL	3.8721 mL
	10 mM	0.1936 mL	0.9680 mL	1.9360 mL

DIOLOGICALACTIV					
Description	TC-N 1752 is a potent and orally active inhibitor of Nav1.7, with IC ₅₀ s of 0.17 μM, 0.3 μM, 0.4 μM, 1.1 μM and 2.2 μM at hNav1.7, hNav1.3, hNav1.4, hNaV1.5 and rNav1.8, respectively. TC-N 1752 also inhibits tetrodotoxin-sensitive sodium channels. TC-N 1752 shows analgesic efficacy in the Formalin model of pain ^{[1][2][3]} .				
IC ₅₀ & Target	hNa _v 1.7 0.17 μΜ (IC ₅₀)	hNa _v 1.8 0.1 μΜ (IC ₅₀)	hNa _v 1.3 0.3 μΜ (IC ₅₀)	hNa _v 1.4 0.4 μΜ (IC ₅₀)	
	hNa _v 1.5 1.1 μΜ (IC ₅₀)				
In Vitro	TC-N 1752 (compound 52) state-dependently inhibits Nav1.7, with IC ₅₀ of 170 nM on channels that are 20% inactivated and IC ₅₀ of 3.6 μM on fully noninactivated channels ^[1] . TC-N 1752 inhibits hNav1.7, hNav1.8, hNav1.9, rNav1.9, and mNav1.9 with IC ₅₀ s of 0.2, 0.1, 1.6, 0.5 and 1.4 μM, respectively ^[2] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.				

Product Data Sheet



In Vivo	 TC-N 1752 (compound 52) (3-30 mg/kg; p.o.) dose-dependently shows analgesic effect in the Formalin model^[1]. TC-N 1752 (3-30 mg/kg; p.o.) decreases thermal hyperalgesia produced by inflammation^[3]. TC-N 1752 (5 mg/mL; 500 μL; i.v.) attenuates complete Freund's adjuvant (CFA)-induced sensitization of C-fiber nociceptors ^[3]. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only. 	
	Animal Model:	Rats were injected intraplantar with Formalin $^{[1]}$
	Dosage:	3, 10, 20, 30 mg/kg
	Administration:	Administered p.o. 120 min prior to Formalin
	Result:	Showed analgesic efficacy starting at the dose of 3 mg/kg, with full efficacy at 20 mg/kg dose.

REFERENCES

[1]. Bregman H, et, al. Identification of a potent, state-dependent inhibitor of Nav1.7 with oral efficacy in the formalin model of persistent pain. J Med Chem. 2011 Jul 14;54(13):4427-45.

[2]. Lin Z, et, al. Biophysical and Pharmacological Characterization of Nav1.9 Voltage Dependent Sodium Channels Stably Expressed in HEK-293 Cells. PLoS One. 2016 Aug 24;11(8):e0161450.

[3]. Matson DJ, et, al. Inhibition of Inactive States of Tetrodotoxin-Sensitive Sodium Channels Reduces Spontaneous Firing of C-Fiber Nociceptors and Produces Analgesia in Formalin and Complete Freund's Adjuvant Models of Pain. PLoS One. 2015 Sep 17;10(9):e0138140.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.