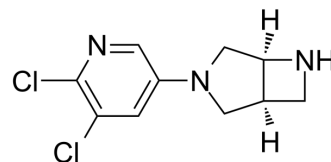


Sofiniclin

Cat. No.:	HY-14824		
CAS No.:	799279-80-4		
Molecular Formula:	C ₁₀ H ₁₁ Cl ₂ N ₃		
Molecular Weight:	244.12		
Target:	nAChR		
Pathway:	Membrane Transporter/Ion Channel; Neuronal Signaling		
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	6 months
		-20°C	1 month



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	DMSO : 35.71 mg/mL (146.28 mM; ultrasonic and warming and heat to 60°C)				
		Solvent Concentration	Mass 1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM	4.0963 mL	20.4817 mL	40.9635 mL
		5 mM	0.8193 mL	4.0963 mL	8.1927 mL
10 mM		0.4096 mL	2.0482 mL	4.0963 mL	
Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.					
In Vivo	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (8.52 mM); Clear solution Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (8.52 mM); Clear solution Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (8.52 mM); Clear solution 				

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	Sofiniclin (ABT 894), an agonist of nicotinic acetylcholine receptor (nAChR), is used as a potential non-stimulant research for attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder (ADHD) ^{[1][2]} .
In Vitro	Sofiniclin is more potent than ABT-089 at both receptor subtypes, with K _i values of 1.9 nM for ¹²⁵ I-α-conotoxinMII binding and of 1.3 nM for ¹²⁵ I-epibatidine binding ^[1] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

In Vivo

Sofiniclin (0.001 to 0.10 mg/kg, p.o.) produces significant reductions in LIDs compared to vehicle monkey^[1]. Sofiniclin (0.1 mg/kg) does not decrease LIDs in monkeys with severe nigrostriatal damage^[2].
MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

PROTOCOL

Kinase Assay

Receptor studies with ABT-089 and Sofiniclin are done using rat striatal sections. $\alpha 6\beta 2^*$ nAChR levels are assayed using ¹²⁵I- α -conotoxinMII (α -CtxMII) (specific activity, 2200 Ci/mmol). $\alpha 4\beta 2^*$ nAChRs are measured by determining the binding of ¹²⁵I-epibatidine (specific activity, 2200 Ci/mmol) in the presence of 100 nM α -CtxMII to block $\alpha 6\beta 2^*$ nAChRs. After assay, sections are exposed to Kodak MR film. To evaluate binding, optical density readings are converted fmol/mg tissue using ¹²⁵I-standards.

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Animal Administration ^[1]

Monkeys: Once stable dyskinesias develops, the effects of ABT-089 and Sofiniclin are determined on LIDs. For these studies, there are two sets of MPTP-lesioned monkeys, Set A (n = 17) and Set B (n = 16). Set A monkeys have previously been treated with nicotine and/or nAChR drugs, followed by a 10 week ishout period (nAChR drug-primed). Set B monkeys have not received any nAChR drug when ABT-089 treatment is initiated (nAChR drug-naive). Our rationale for the use of these two sets of monkeys is to determine if prior treatment with nAChR drugs altered their ability to decrease LIDs. For both sets, there are 3 experimental groups of monkeys, a vehicle-treated group (n = 6), a nAChR drug-treated group (n = 5 or 6) and a nicotine-treated group (n = 5), as a positive control. The monkeys are assigned to the groups such that there are similar number of males and females, with comparable average LID scores.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

REFERENCES

- [1]. Zhang D, et al. ABT-089 and ABT-894 reduce levodopa-induced dyskinesias in a monkey model of Parkinson's disease. *Mov Disord*. 2014 Apr;29(4):508-17.
[2]. Zhang D, ET AL. $\alpha 7$ nicotinic receptor agonists reduce levodopa-induced dyskinesias with severe nigrostriatal damage. *Mov Disord*. 2015 Dec;30(14):1901-11.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898

Fax: 609-228-5909

E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA